

**INSURANCE**  
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XXIII NO. 192

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1935

TWELVE PAGES

**INSURANCE**  
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

## Chinese Ministers' Sudden Resignations

### If Italy Invades Abyssinia?

#### "UNDER DEBRIS FOR 47 DAYS?"

Quetta Story Not Founded On Facts, Says Deputy A. G. G. Of Baluchistan

QUETTA, Aug. 12. An official press communique issued to-day states:—The Deputy A.G.G. Baluchistan, has seen statements in the press that a Shikarpuri Halwai named Jethanand, son of Techehand, dug himself out of the ruins of his shop in Quetta city after being buried for forty-seven days, that he was arrested as a looter and that he was subsequently released on identifying himself.

It has been further stated that these facts have been officially confirmed. This is not so. Enquiries made at Shikarpur and at Quetta have failed to discover anyone who has seen Jethanand after his escape. He had a house in one part of the city and a shop in another.

It has been stated by a former servant of his that Jethanand used to sleep in the night in his house and not in his shop, and on the night of the earthquake he was in Quetta. The sites of both his house and shop have been carefully examined and no exit has been discovered by which the man could possibly escape the debris. No one, moreover, has been arrested by the military or the police in the circumstances described. It is clear, therefore, that the story is not founded on facts and it is probable that Jethanand was killed in the earthquake and his body is still buried in the ruins of his house.

The Deputy A.G.G. hopes that peace and news agencies will refrain from giving currency to unauthenticated rumours which can only give pain to the relatives of those who were killed in the Quetta earthquake.—A.P.

#### CHANCES OF "C. R." BRIGHTER

FOR CONGRESS 'GADI' May Affect Rapprochement Between Pro-Changers And No-Changers

WARDHA, Aug. 12. The "United Press" is in a position to state that Seth Jammalal Bajaj's declining to preside over the forthcoming sessions of the Indian National Congress has come as a great surprise to the members of the Congress Working Committee.

During the recent sittings of the Working Committee here it was given to understand that Seth Jammalal Bajaj would have no objection to become the President of the Congress if he were chosen unanimously.

Sethji's recent statement also rudely disturbed those pro-Congressites who are against the acceptance of office inasmuch as they were jubilant that in Sethji they would find a President to champion their cause.

BRIGHTER CHANCES FOR C. R. In the circumstances it is surmised that Mr. C. Rajagopalachari's chances are now brighter than ever. It is held that his present retirement is not permanent. He is stated to have assured the Congress Working Committee that he wanted only rest for some time to recoup his shattered health.

The choice of Mr. Rajagopalachari, it is supposed, will create a situation that would not only bring about rapprochement between those who are for the acceptance of office and no-changers but it will also have the desired effect of giving a clear-cut legislative programme for the Congress Party under the new constitution.—United Press.

### Smuts Sees Grave Crisis In Europe

#### ETHIOPIA'S HOPES IN ENGLAND & FRANCE

### If Peace Efforts Fail Country Will Fight To Last Drop Of Blood

ADDIS ABABA, Aug. 12. Continued reliance on the League of Nations to avert war was expressed by Emperor Haile Selassie in a speech, to-day. He said:

"Despite all efforts to find a peaceful solution, Italy is unceasingly sending troops and war material to her two adjacent colonies. The danger of war is becoming more and more serious, but we still place our hope on the League and especially Britain and France."

He added: "If the efforts to secure peace fail and devilish force prevails, Ethiopia will arise and, with the Emperor leading, defend the country to the last drop of blood.—Reuter.

#### IF ITALY INVADES ABYSSINIA!

DURBAN, Aug. 12. Breaking the official silence regarding the attitude of the Union Government towards the possibility of war in Abyssinia, General Smuts considered that a great conflict in Africa would have serious repercussions in the British territories in Africa and also in Egypt and Sudan. He had, no doubt that the Italian invasion of Abyssinia would arouse anxious feelings all over Africa between "Black" and "White". General Smuts also expressed the view that if Italy becomes seriously involved in Abyssinia and is seriously crippled there by a long conflict, a very grave position may be created in Europe.—Reuter's Special.

#### ONLY A MIRACLE CAN AVERT WAR

("Chronicle" Special) Mr. C. F. Andrews who arrived in Bombay on Monday from Wardha gave an exclusive interview to "The Chronicle" on the Indo-Abyssinian relations and the prospects of peace between Italy and Ethiopia. "Unless something very near to a miracle happens, I am afraid war must take place," he declared.

"Do you think that war between Italy and Abyssinia is inevitable? Our representative asked.

Mr. Andrews replied: "Unless something very near to a miracle happens, I am afraid war must take place. The Italian expenses have already mounted up to the skies and only great concessions

#### Congress Has Not Repudiated Gandhiji

MADRAS, Aug. 12. "The Congress has not repudiated Mahatma Gandhi. The Working Committee and the Congress stand by the statements made from time to time by Mahatma Gandhi at the second Round Table Conference about the position of States subjects. The workers for the cause of the people of Indian States, therefore, need have no apprehension in this regard," declared Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar who is in Madras to-day on a private visit, interviewed by the United Press

#### AMBULANCE FOR ABYSSINIA!

##### London Africans' Move

LONDON: (By Mail). Men and women resident in London, of African descent, at a meeting there, have passed a resolution expressing sympathy with the Abyssinians in their struggle for freedom. They also decided to raise a fund to send an ambulance unit to Abyssinia, the money received being used to find a permanent hospital in that country if war is avoided.—Reuter.

#### REMARKABLE KINDNESS

"These concessions the Emperor himself is not likely to grant." "What part, do you think, India should play?" ventured our representative.

"It is not yet clear," said Mr. Andrews, and nothing can be less useful than mere sentimental talk. We must remember that the Abyssinian people have treated us with remarkable kindness.

"I have never met a single Indian trader, who has been there and who has not spoken in the warmest terms about the kindly treatment they have received. I have just read a series of letters from an Indian, whose latest letter was published in "Bombay Chronicle". In all these letters, there is an enthusiasm for the people.

"The writer himself is a Mussalman and it is clear that there is a kindly fellowship between Mussalmans and Christians in Abyssinia along national lines."

#### Congress Has Not Repudiated Gandhiji

on the statement issued by the General Secretaries of the Indian State People's Congress, demanding the Congress and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai to declare that they stand by the assurances given by Gandhiji at the Round Table Conference.

"If the assurances of Mahatma Gandhi have not satisfied those who say that they are working for the State subjects" continued Sardar Sardul Singh. "I cannot think what else can satisfy them. They have no reason whatever to come out and say that they

#### SINO-JAPANESE SETTLEMENT, SEQUEL

(SPECIAL CABLE) NANKING, Aug. 12.

The Chinese Government is tottering as a result of resignations of ministers for War, Railways and Industries.

Some Ministers felt that they must share with the ex-Prime Minister Wangchi-nuei the onus of the recent settlement of Sino-Japanese impreglio in North China.

#### INCREASE IN U. S. NATIONAL INCOME

(SPECIAL CABLE) WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.

The United States national income for 1934 is estimated at 49,440 million dollars by the Bureau of the Economic Research Department of Commerce. This represents an increase of 11 per cent over the low record of national depression in 1933 when the income was 44,431.

#### "REPORT IT TO GANDHI"

MANGALAGIRI, Aug. 12. "The British Government will have nothing to do with a complaint that involves the Congress flag. You better report the matter to Gandhiji."

With these words the Station Officer at Mangalagiri Police Station is reported to have confronted the Secretary of the local Congress Committee, when the latter submitted a complaint that the National Flag flying over the Gandhiji Chowk since January last, was stolen away.

The Police recorded the complaint, however on being pressed.—United Press.

#### ASSEMBLY BY-ELECTION

Husseinbhai Laljee Vs. Ismail Jaffer

POONA, August 12. The Nomination Paper of Mr. Ahmed Ibrahim Haroot Jaffer for the Assembly bye-election from Central Division (Mohomedan constituency) was rejected by the Returning Officer at the scrutiny time to-day.

Kazi Chiruddin, another candidate, withdrew, leaving Mr. Husseinbhai Laljee and Mr. Ismail Ibrahim Jaffer to contest the seat.—United Press.

#### COUNTRY BOAT CAPSIZES

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 12. A Kathiawar message states that a country boat full of passengers capsized in the river Meghna on account of a storm. Another boat passing by saved the 44 passengers but nine of them could not be traced.—A.P.

#### HALF A LAKE FOR MAHATMA'S HINDI FUND

(From Our Correspondent). INDORE, August 12. The deputation led by Seth Jammalal Bajaj having collected Rs. 50,000, half of the sum promised to Gandhiji, returned to-day to Wardha.

want reassurances from the Working Committee or from the Congress." Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar left Madras for Calcutta this evening.—United Press.

### Flood Menace In Bengal & Punjab

#### ABNORMAL RISE IN RIVERS

### Villages Washed Off & Large Number Of Cattle Carried Away

According to reports received from Burdwan and Lahore, Rivers Damodar and Ravi are in high floods, washing off villages and carrying away large numbers of cattle with the current.

The District Magistrate of Burdwan warned the citizens by best of drums to be on their alert as the city was in grave danger of being submerged.

Heavy rainfall in Kashmir Hills was responsible for an abnormal rise in the Ravi, which breached an embankment near Lahore and submerged the road to Sheikhpura. The people were panic-stricken.

BURDWAN, Aug. 12. The Damodar river is turbulent. The hill stream separating Bengal from Bihar and Orissa has broken its barriers and threatens to cause heavy floods in Hooghly and Burdwan districts in West Bengal.

The District Magistrate of Burdwan has warned the people of this district by the beat of drums this afternoon about the flood water approaching this town in course of to-night so that necessary precautions may be taken.

Report has reached here that the village Wadia about 30 miles up Burdwan has been washed away as a sequel to the Damodar rising during the last two days.

It may be recalled that the river Damodar is responsible for the unprecedented flood once before in 1914.

#### FLOOD MENACE IN PUNJAB

A Rawalpindi message says:—There is a rise in the water of the river Ravi since last night, resulting in many villages being submerged under water.

No loss of life or property is reported.—United Press.

#### GANDAK IN FLOODS Villagers Shift Elsewhere

MUZAFFARPUR, (By Mail). As a result of the river Gandak being in high flood, thirty-five feet of thickly populated land have been washed away in Mahar Thana in the sub-division of Hajipur in Muzaffarpur district enveloping over 30 houses. Out of fear the people of the locality have pulled down their houses and shifted elsewhere. Over 30 wells have been lost.—A.P.

#### HEAVY RAINS CUT OFF COMMUNICATIONS

Kotli Area In Kashmir Faces Isolation

RAWALPINDI, Aug. 12. Private information from Kotli in the Jammu State shows that considerable damage has been done to roads, crops and property by unusually heavy rains there. The entire route leading to the Poonch State headquarters has been blocked and a large number of persons detained at Kotli and other places in the way during the last week. These are completely cut from the outside world.

It is further learnt that land slides at certain places have made it quite impossible for provisions reaching there. Besides land slides a number of petty bridges over "naas" have been completely washed away, while another comparatively bigger bridge is damaged making vehicular traffic impracticable. Even beasts of burden sometime find it extremely difficult to go there.

### COLONEL KILLS MAJOR-GENERAL

Heated Argument In Tokyo War Office And Its Sequel

TOKIO, August 12. Major-General Nagata, Director-General of Military Affairs died as a result of an attack in the war-ministry this morning by a subordinate colonel who in the course of a heated argument drew his sword and cut down the chief.

Nagata was a strong supporter of War-Minister Hayashi's policy of checking the extremist elements in the army which is doubtless the root cause of the outrage.—Reuter.

#### GRUESOME SCENE AT GRANT ROAD

The gruesome spectacle of a man with his head severed from the body lying cross-wise on the railway track at Grant Road Station attracted a large crowd on Monday afternoon at about 1.45 p.m. The body was later identified as that of Burjorji Behramshah Balsara, aged 30 years, by Nadirshah, the brother of the deceased who rushed to the scene on hearing reports that a Parsi gentleman had been run over by an electric train at Grant Road Station. Suicide is suspected.

It appears that the deceased was seen at the north end of the Up Platform of Grant Road Station. He was said to be leaning against a signboard and looked very much depressed. As an up train entered the station, it said, he stepped forward and lay down before the train across the track, keeping his head on one of the lines, and was run over. A motor man of the train seeing him blew the whistle and applied the brakes, but before the train could stop the tragedy had happened.

Further inquiries showed that he married only a few months back and his wife died only 4 days ago. Since her death he was found very sad and dejected.

The Coroner went to the scene of occurrence and after the body had been identified by the brother of the deceased, it was handed over to the relatives for disposal.

An inquest will be held on the 15th instant.

#### Uday Shankar's Programme

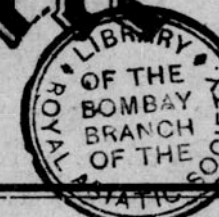
CALCUTTA, Aug. 12. Uday Shankar, the renowned Indian dancer, leaves for the Far East on September 7 next, via Rangoon and Singapore.—United Press.

#### STOP PRESS

SECRET ANGLO-ITALIAN AGREEMENT.

PARIS, Aug. 12. On the eve of Capt. Eden's arrival to represent Britain in the three Power talks on Abyssinia, the Paris edition of the "New York Herald" publishes the details of a Secret Agreement between Britain and Italy by which Britain would recognise the exclusive Italian economic influence over South Western Abyssinia and support the Italian plan to build a railway linking Eritrea with the Italian Somaliland. In return Italy would support Britain's special interests in lake Tsana.

While "Reuter" learns that no such treaty exists, the British and Italian Governments in 1925 exchanged notes suggesting an agreement on the lines mentioned and the possibility remains that this tentative Italo-British agreement may be advanced in the course of the Paris negotiations.—Reuter.



# TABULATED ADLETS

ONE Anna Per Word  
Minimum Re. 1

**SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

**ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No. .... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

**BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

**REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS** should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No. .... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted an Electrical Engineer** for a cotton mill. One with knowledge of Mechanical Engineering preferred. Pay approximate O. S. Rs. 125-150, according to qualifications. Apply stating qualifications and copies of certificates to The Managing Agents, Dewan Bahadur Ramgopal Mills, Limited, Secunderabad-Deccan before 15th August, 1935. (1583)

**Wanted Highly qualified Lady** Doctor salary 250. Lady Compounder 50 also fully qualified Nurses 50/75. Apply immediately Box 4702, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Simla Municipality.**—Applications are invited for the post of Superintendent of Pumping Station in Simla Waterworks Department in the grade of Rs. 280-15-480 inclusive of all Travelling Allowance and a free house with the benefit of Municipal Provident Fund to which he will be required to contribute. The candidate shall be on probation for one year. Age—23 to 36 years. Technical Qualifications. Must be a Graduate in Mechanical Engineering from a recognised University or College or must be A.M.I.E. (Eng.) by examination, preference being given to one who has also training in Electrical Engineering and Water Purification Plants. Experience. The candidate should have sound practical training in all mechanical branches in a recognised workshop, and also have at least 7 years experience inclusive of practical training in erection and maintenance of heavy duty Electrically and Steam Driven Pumping Plants. Medical certificate of fitness for hard work in the hills and proof of age will be required. None should apply who does not comply with the above requirements. Applications with full particulars and copies of testimonials (not returnable) should reach the undersigned before the 25th August, 1935. K. C. Wadia, B.E., A.M.I.C.E. (Lond.), Engineer, Waterworks and Drainage. (1526).

**Simla Municipality.**—Applications are invited for the post of Draftsman, Waterworks and Drainage Department, in the grade of Rs. 75-5-100/10-150, with the benefit of Municipal Provident Fund to which the selected candidate will be required to contribute. The selected candidate will also be on probation for one year. Age—25 to 35. Technical Qualifications:—Must be an Upper Subordinate Diploma Holder in Civil Engineering from one of the recognised Engineering Institutions. Experience:—The candidate should have sound practical training in a Design Office as a Draftsman and Estimator in Civil and Mechanical Engineering for a period of at least 5 years, preference being given to one who is trained in a major waterworks administration. Medical certificate of fitness of hard work in the hills, and proof of age will be required. None should apply who does not comply with the above requirements. Applications with full particulars and copies of testimonials (not returnable) should reach the undersigned before 25th August, 1935. K. C. Wadia, B.E., A.M.I.C.E. (Lond.), Engineer, Waterworks and Drainage. (1527).

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted some Stockists for Perfumery**—salary Rs. 60 p.m. plus commission. For particulars apply J. D. & Co. (Dept. 2), Bhowani-pore, Calcutta. (4513).

## TO BE LET

**To Be Let At Reduced Rent:—**(1) At Harbour View, Colaba Causeway, near Hotel Majestic near Tram Terminus:—Upper floors vacant flats, each containing Drawing-room, Sitting-room, Bed-rooms, separate lavatory, Bath-rooms, Kitchen, separate entrance and Electric fittings:—Flat monthly rent Rs. 75. (2) At Adelphi Chambers at Clara Road, Byculla, near Tram Terminus:—Ground and upper floors vacant flats, each containing Drawing-room, Sitting-room, Bed-room, separate lavatory, Bath-room, Kitchen, separate entrance: Flat monthly rent Rs. 20 and 35. (3) At Jacob Circle, Arthur Road, near Tram Terminus Upper Floors vacant flats, each containing Drawing-room, Sitting-room, Bed-room, separate lavatory, Bath-room, Kitchen, separate entrance: Flat monthly rent Rs. 40. (4) a storeyed Bungalow at corner of Pandra Motmawry Hill, near Hill Staircase, best situation surrounding sea face very airy and commodious, with newly fitted electric fittings and small garden. Monthly rent Rs. 125. For the above four buildings see personally between 3 and 4 p.m. (S.T.) His Highness The Maharaja's Estate Office, Marina Mansion Opposite Sea Face, Chowpatty, Bombay. (4590).

## AGENTS WANTED.

**Wanted Agents to secure orders** for our attractive calendars. Easy terms. No security required. Oriental Calendar Mfg. Co., 18B (B.C.) North Chittaranjan avenue, Calcutta. (4694).

**Wanted a Chief Agent for the** Bombay Presidency well up in Insurance work and thoroughly conversant with organisation. Only persons capable of guaranteeing business need apply in confidence to the General Manager, the All-India United Assurance Co. Ltd., Head Office, Lucknow. (4626).

**WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS** to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar Broach Baroda  
Borivli Bhusaval Dahod  
Deolali Dhond Daman  
Dhanu Road Golvad Karjat  
Kasara Lonavla Manmad  
Matheran Neral Navsari  
Nasik Sholapur Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

## AGENCIES WANTED.

**Manufacturers and Representatives** desiring Ceylon representation and those interested in the Import of Ceylon's Produce. Apply:—Warden & Co., Box 21, Colombo. (4659).

## DAILY WANTS.

**Tea with excellent flavour and of** best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamselji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

**Offers are invited for the sale of** 1000 lbs. oil lemons, pure, hand pressed, Italian in 25 lbs. tins. Free samples on applications. Correspond with No. 4701, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Poono Races—Win Rupees one** thousand. Particulars from M.V.S. Nathan. 35/37, Thambuchetty Street, Madras. 4571.

## Public Notices

**GOVERNMENT** Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

|                               | Per column inch |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1st Insertion                 | Rs. 7-8-0       |
| 2nd Insertion                 | Rs. 5-8-0       |
| 3rd Insertion                 | Rs. 4-8-0       |
| 4th and Subsequent Insertions | Rs. 3-8-0       |

Morassil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

## NOTICE.

**THE INDIAN MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.**

As per Resolution passed at To-day's General Meeting of Shareholders, a Dividend of Rs. 75 per whole share and Rs. 37-8-0 per half share has been declared, and will be made payable on and after FRIDAY, the 13th September, 1935, to the Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on 24th July, 1935. The Dividend Warrants will be posted to each Shareholder in due course.

Bombay, 10th August, 1935.  
DAMODHAR THACKERSEY  
MOOLJEE & CO.,  
Agents.  
1578

## S.S. "MANTAI MARU."

**CONSIGNEES OF CARGO** per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 12th August, 1935, from Japan via ports 'en route' and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

T. HIROSE,  
Manager,  
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

## Legal Notices

### NOTICE.

**Estate of DR. NAGINDAS MANEKALAL** Deceased.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovesaid Nagindas Manekalal deceased who died at Bombay on or about the 23rd day of November, 1934, and the Probate of whose Will having effect throughout British India was granted on the 1st day of August, 1935, to Kancharlal Chhotalal and Manecklal Haribhai Sukhla the former of Surat and the latter of Bombay are hereby required to send in their claims to the said Executors at the Office of Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, their Attorneys within one calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the said executors will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

Dated this 12th day of Aug., 1935.  
MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,  
Attorneys for Executors.

Address: 94, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay. 1565

## Legal Notices

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.**

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913: and

In the matter of THE MARWADI CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, LTD.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that a petition was on the 9th day of August, 1935, presented to the High Court, Bombay, by the abovesaid Company to confirm an alteration of the said Company's objects proposed to be effected by special resolution of the Company passed on the 9th day of June, 1935, and confirmed on the 7th day of July, 1935, and which resolution runs as follows:—

"That the Memorandum of Association of the Chamber be altered in manner following:—  
(a) The following sub-clause shall be substituted for sub-clause (g) of clause 3 (objects clause) thereof:—  
(g) To purchase, take on lease in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any immovable and movable property whatsoever.

**AND NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN** that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Hon'ble the sitting Judge in Chambers on the 23rd day of August, 1935, and any person interested in the said Company whether as creditor, member or otherwise desirous to oppose the making of an Order for the confirmation of the said alteration should appear at the time of hearing by himself, or his attorney, or Counsel for the purpose and a copy of the said petition will be furnished to any such person requiring the same by the Company's Solicitors Messrs. Wadia Ghandy & Co., 123, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, on payment of the charges for the same. Dated this 12th day of August, 1935.

WADIA GHANDY & CO.,  
Solicitors for the Company.  
1580.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.**

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of (1) BAL SHRIDHAR KANKE, (2) MADHU SHRIDHAR KANKE, (3) VASANT SHRIDHAR KANKE and (4) PURSHOTTAM SHRIDHAR KANKE—Minors

Suit No. 1025 of 1935 wherein Messrs. NENSEY TELPAL & Co. are plaintiffs and the said minors and others are the defendants.

To SHRIDHAR SHANKAR KANKE, Esqr.,  
Father of the minors,  
Palasdev, Taluka Indapur,  
Dist. Poona.

**TAKE NOTICE** that the Plaintiffs have applied to this Court to have you or some other person appointed guardian for the suit of the abovesaid minors and that the Prothonotary and Senior Master in his Chambers will on the 13th day of September, 1935, at 12 Noon proceed to appoint you or some other fit and proper person to be such guardian unless you appear at that time and show good cause against such appointment or propose some more fitting person.

Dated this 11th day of July, 1935.

R. B. PATEL,  
Prothonotary &  
Senior Master.  
TAHIR ALI.

The 11th day of July, 1935.

Messrs. MANILAL KEER & AMBALAL,  
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

1579

## Auction Sales

**HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE** such as Tables, Chairs, Teapots, Easy chairs, Cupboards, Beds, and other effects as Wall Clocks, Picture Frames, Screens, Baba Car, Gramophone, Sewing Machines, etc., on Wednesday, 11-8-1935, at 10-30 a.m. in our Auction Hall at Dadar, Naigum Cross Road. Property on View.

PHANIDADUNA & SONS

## Auction Sales

**BENNETT & CO.**

**AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY** situated at Nowroji Road at Lower Colaba.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 805 of 1927 (Harischandra Bhanil Medhekar and another vs. Narayan Vishwanath Medhekar and others) pursuant to the Consent Decree dated the 23rd August, 1933 passed in the said Suit, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will (TO-DAY) TUESDAY, the 13th August, 1935, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises

LOT NO. 2.—All that Government newly assessed land with dwelling house situate at Lower Colaba, Nowroji Road, admeasuring about 74 sq. yards, and assessed by the Municipality under New Street Nos. 15, 17 & 17A and bounded on the East by a Sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of Saraswatilal, widow, on the West by a Sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property described in Lot No. 1, on the North by Nowroji Road, and on the South by a Sweeper's passage and beyond that by the house of Sunderdas Pitamber.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Divekar & Co., Attorneys for the Court Receiver at No. 14, Hamam Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

**AUCTION SALE OF "NASH" MOTOR-CAR.**

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as the guardian of Shrinivas Surajmal, a minor, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on SATURDAY, the 17th August, 1935, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms, 120, Apollo Street, Fort, 1 "Nash" Sedan motor-car No. X 1707.

Cash will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

**Osaka Shoshen Kaisha O. S. K. Line**

REGULAR SERVICE To Japan Via SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG & SHANGHAI

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| Steamer   | Arrive at | Departure |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Mantai Ma | 11th Aug. | 22nd Aug. |
| Argun     | 24th "    | 28th "    |
| Atlantic  | 19th "    | "         |
| Iwatesan  | 24th "    | 3rd Sept. |
| Celebes   | 8th Sept. | 18th "    |
| Yahiko    | 19th "    | 5th Oct.  |
| Samatra   | 23rd "    | 7th "     |

\*Departure after return from Persian Gulf.

**OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, LTD.** (Incorporated in Japan.)  
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## THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

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## TWO MOTOR FATALITIES

Mill-worker Gets Jammed Between Car Wheel And Bridge Railings

There were two motor fatalities in the city during the week-end. The first accident occurred on Friday evening, when a sizer in the Apollo Mill, Balkrishna Bhao Sample was jammed between the railings flanking the Bellas Bridge and the left front wheel of a motor car.

The injured man was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he died the same day. The motor car No. X7053, it was stated, was being driven by Mr. M. N. Nasir, residing at Cumbala Hill towards Bombay Central Station.

According to a witness the road was wet and slippery on account of rain, and the car at the time of the accident was at an angle with the railings.

The inquest on the body was postponed to enable the police to trace a "pardeshi bhayya" who is stated to have been an eye-witness of the accident.

### Labourer Killed.

In the second fatality, which occurred on Saturday evening, a Municipal labourer, Vithoo Bhiwa, was knocked down and killed on Lady Jamshedji Road by a motor car which was being driven towards Bandra.

The car has not yet been traced as the driver is stated to have driven away after knocking down the man.

The inquest has been postponed for police inquiries.

## LATE RAO BAHADUR H. V. RAJWADKER

BOMBAY, Monday. We regret to announce the death of Rao Bahadur Harishchandra Vishram Rajwadekar, which took place this morning at 4 a.m. at his residence at Lower Colaba. He leaves behind him his widow, three sons and two daughters and a very large circle of friends and admirers to bemoan his loss. The late Rao Bahadur began life in the Gauging Department of the Bombay Customs and retired with high office in that department. He very ably co-operated with successive Census Officers in conducting Census Operations. He also took a prominent part in the co-operative movement in the Presidency.

He was also closely identified with the Maratha-Alkychhu Sabha which has been in existence for the last 47 years.

The late Rao Bahadur's humanitarian work in connection with cholera and influenza relief in 1918 was highly appreciated by the public.

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## Beauty Of Indian Dance

"Menaka" Sees Signs Of Revival

Menaka, the well-known Indian danseuse, delivered a very interesting and instructive lecture at the Sydenham College Hall last Thursday, Mr. Antia presiding.

She began by referring to the revival of Indian Arts, like literature, painting, sculpture that was to be noticed taking place all around and pointed that, so far as the dance was concerned the revival had come in the nick of time to save it from complete decay.

Briefly tracing the history of the Classical Indian Dance, she pointed out the three main adaptations of the Classical Dance now extant, viz. Kathak of North India, Kathakali of Kerala and the Dastiatam of Tamil Land. She was of opinion that these three came from the same original Natty Sastira source, and had undergone slight changes in adaptations to the local conditions and usage. "They are no more different than the water in the pond is different from the water in the stream, both of which come from the same fountain head," she said with characteristic felicity of expression.

Proceeding, Menaka sketched the peculiarities of Kathak, the classical dance of India and urged caution in respect of reform movements in Dance. While Kathak had to be adapted to modern conditions of stage and audience it had to be borne in mind that no violence should be done to its special technique.

Sgt. Achuthan Nair and Sgt. Ram Narayan, the former representing Kathakali and the latter Kathak, gave some demonstrations illustrative of the symbols and gestures used in these two types of dancing.

The demonstration enlivened the crowded house by its interpretative nature and Menaka's enlightening commentary on these was highly educative. The three bases of imitative, impressionistic and suggestive symbolism were clearly explained. The speech and demonstrations were punctuated with applause from the large gathering.

Menaka, in conclusion, thanked the audience and took the large attendance at the meeting as an indication of the growing interest of the educated youth of the country in the art of Dance.

## KIDNAPPING IN PYDHONIE AREA

Two More Suspects Arrested In Connection With Crime

BOMBAY, Monday. During the course of investigations in a case of kidnapping and theft reported to the Pydhonie police a few days back, and in which three persons had been arrested, the police were able to round up on Sunday night, two more persons, who were stated to have been concerned in several similar offences committed in the city. Mahomed Moosa and Aba Ibrahim, the two suspects, were produced before Mr. Oscar H. Brown at the Masagaon Police Court to-day and were remanded to police custody till August 22, pending further inquiries.

At a meeting of the Gondia Municipal Committee, a motion of no-confidence was brought against Mr. Ali Mohamed, the Honorary Secretary of the Municipal Committee, which was accepted by the Committee.

## STRIKE IN BOMBAY MILL

Workers Down Tools As Demand For Wage Arrears Is Rejected

BOMBAY, Monday. About 800 operatives working in the Prahlad Mills downed tools this morning on the ground that the management has been irregular in paying the wages.

It is alleged that for a considerable time past the management have been, keeping the wages in arrears.

To-day as the demand that the wages should be paid fully and arrears also to be cleared up did not meet with any response, the workers went on strike.

### HAMALS HOLD OUT

Black-legs From Delhi For Wadi Bunder?

BOMBAY, Monday. The strike on Wadi Bunder, still going on and the Hamals are reported to be in a determined mood.

They insist that they should be paid in the same rate as other workers on a similar footing in the locality are paid.

The contractor, has recruited new men in Delhi. This has roused indignation among the strikers.

It is stated, however, that the contractors are none the less hard put to it to find a sufficiency of new men and they are forced to hire new labour every day at a higher rate ranging from from Rs. 1-8 to Rs. 2.

### ALLEGED ATTACK ON GROCER

BOMBAY, Monday. Four persons were arrested yesterday by the Bhoiwada police, in connection with a stabbing outrage which occurred at Polbavdi on Saturday evening.

Kasumbhal Kala a grocer was going to his shop at Polbavdi at dusk, when some unknown persons who were lying in ambush behind the Damodar Thackersey Hall suddenly rushed towards him and assaulted him with sticks, and knives.

Kasumbhal received severe injuries on his head and a stab wound on his left hand. He was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where he was admitted for treatment.

It appears there was enmity between Kasumbhal and a former employee who he discharged from service, and this is alleged to be responsible for the affray. The arrested persons were bailed out.

Sub-Inspector Manjrekar of the Bhoiwada police station is investigating the case.

### Interference By Neighbour Leads To Stabbing Of Woman

BOMBAY, Monday. Following an altercation between three women at B. D. D. Chawls, Naigaum on Saturday last over the alleged maltreatment of a girl, named Sita Bai, Krishna Bai was stated to have pulled down Sundara Bai by her hair and stabbed her twice on the head with a knife.

Sundara Bai is lying in the K. E. M. Hospital. The Police, in applying for remand into custody of the accused, stated that Sundara Bai was being scolded by the latter for her alleged misconduct when Krishna Bai, her neighbour, interfered.

Krishna Bai, it is alleged, was stated to have demanded an explanation from Sundara Bai, when an altercation between Sundara Bai and Sita Bai was in progress. Sundara Bai, thereupon, retorted to mind her own business.

Becoming enraged, Krishna Bai is stated to have stabbed her with the knife with which she was slicing off vegetables. The accused woman was produced before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, to-day, when his Worship asked the accused why she stabbed her neighbour, the accused denied having done it.

The woman was ordered to be released on bail for ten days.

### FOUND UNCONSCIOUS IN CHEMIST'S SHOP.

A clerk in a city chemist-shop was found unconscious on Saturday afternoon. Madan Mohan Shrinivas Acharya, residing on the premises of Hadensa Agency a firm of chemists at Princess Street was removed to the G. T. Hospital for treatment where he died the same evening.

It is suspected that he died of poisoning. The inquest has been adjourned pending the Chemical Analyst's report.

## BUDDHA SOCIETY MAKES PROGRESS

President Suggests All-India Conference Every Year

A suggestion that an All-India Buddhist Conference should be held from year to year in the different cities of this country was made by Mr. M. Venkatrao, President of the Buddha Society at its Thirteenth Annual General meeting on Saturday evening.

The President was in favour of the Buddha Gaya Temple Bill that was proposed to be moved in the Legislative Assembly suggesting to form an independent committee consisting of well-known persons amongst Hindus and Buddhists to take over the control and management of the Buddhist temple at Bodhi-Gaya from the Hindu Mahant. The mover of the bill, however, withdrew it at the request of the Hindu Maha Sabha and a conciliation committee had been appointed to find out a suitable compromise. The President doubted the success of this move because he thought that the very composition of the committee was not properly represented.

The annual report of the Society for the year indicated a progress in all directions. An appeal to the public of Bombay to be friendly and sympathetic towards the Society and also to join it in large numbers was made by Mr. Venkatrao in the course of his speech.

A condolence resolution for the sad and sudden demise of the late Dr. M. D. Roy, the joint honorary secretary of the Society was passed at the meeting. The Annual Report of the Society was then received and adopted.

Light refreshments were served after the termination of the meeting.

## DRIVE AGAINST AGITATORS

Bundi State P. oulgates Public Safety Act And Bans Hindi Papers

The Provincial Secretary, for Rajputana and the Punjab States, of the Indian States' People conference, writes:—  
Mr. W. F. Webb, Diwan of Bundi, a state in Rajputana, has by the orders of His Highness the Maharaja Sahib of Bundi promulgated a Public Safety Act for the State which provides for punishments of imprisonment ranging from one year and fine to 10 years and fine to those who excite disaffection and hatred against the Ruler or the Government of the State or against any state officer or any community in the state or try to upset the Government of Bundi.

Those who excite people to commit criminal trespass in buildings under the possession of others (such as exciting unbecomable to enter the temples of the caste Hindus) and keep cuttings and copies of news or articles from banned papers would also be punished.

The act has been brought into active operation from its very initiation and the entry of "Ganesh" of Agra and "Swarajya" of Khandwa (which has been recently banned in Dhar), two Hindi weekly papers has been banned in the State and all issues of the past are pulped within the next six months have been declared confiscated.

### Magistrate Passes Determined Sentence On Umbrella Thief

BOMBAY, Monday. An old offender who committed theft of two umbrellas at Victoria Terminus was sentenced by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, to 8 months' R. I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 20, in default 2 months further imprisonment, to-day.

Two passengers went to a stall in the station to have some tea. They left their umbrellas on a stand and when the passengers came they found the umbrellas missing.

Inquiries were made and it was found that one Syed Hassan was noticed removing some umbrellas. He was arrested and the umbrellas were recovered.

The Magistrate accepted the prosecution evidence and convicted the accused on a charge of theft.

In view of three previous convictions, the Magistrate passed a deterrent sentence.

### CHARGED WITH THEFT OF 'CHAPPALS'

BOMBAY, Monday. Yesha Mathari haggling over the price of a pair of chappals, costing five annas, with a chappal dealer, sitting by the roadside near the Dar Bar, is stated to have dug his hand into the pile of chappals and made off with some of them on Saturday last. The owner raised an alarm, whereupon a Police Constable chased Yesha and arrested him. The accused was placed before the Dar Magistrate to-day and was ordered to be remanded into jail custody pending further enquiries.

## CONUNDRUMS FOR JURY

Verdict In Murder Case Creates Intriguing Situation In Sessions Court

BOMBAY, Monday. An intriguing situation arose from the special jury's verdict in a murder case tried at the High Court Sessions to-day.

In this case Ahmed Abdul Satar and Majnu Abdul Rehman were charged with murder and abetment in respect of the death of one David Abraham alias Devidas.

As regards the first accused the jury were divided by 5 to 4. They, however, unanimously found the second accused guilty of abetment. They announced their opinions after deliberating for an hour.

Mr. Justice Davar, who presided at the trial, pointed out that a verdict divided by 5 to 4 was, in law, no verdict at all, and that, therefore, the jury had not found the first accused guilty of any offence. In that case, their verdict finding the second accused guilty of abetting the first accused was ineffective.

JUDGE'S CHARGE. Another point that puzzled the jurors arose from the Judge's directions in his charge to them, asking them to find the accused guilty or not guilty on the charge of murder. This confronted the jurors with a conundrum: Could they find the first accused guilty of the lesser offence of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, in contravention of the Judge's direction?

His lordship, after consulting the accused's counsel, explained to the jurors that if one section of them found the first accused guilty of murder, and the other section found him guilty of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, it was open for the first section to hold that the accused was guilty of the lesser offence, and the jurors could bring a unanimous verdict of guilty of the lesser offence.

VERDICT RECONSIDERED. Accordingly, the jurors postponed their verdict till 3 p.m. and went back to reconsider in the light of the Judge's instructions. Returning at 3 p.m., the jury announced their verdict finding, by a majority of 6 to 3, that the first accused was guilty of culpable homicide not amounting to murder.

His lordship sentenced him to 10 years' rigorous imprisonment. The second accused was sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment for abetment.

FACTS OF THE CASE. The deceased was a "rent farmer" for a building in Kamatipura. On February 9 last at about 1 a.m. at night, he was passing through Kamatipura 14th Lane when he heard shouts of a quarrel in the house of one Godabai, a prostitute. Going up, he saw her being assaulted by the two accused. He intervened to save her when he was himself assaulted by the accused, and received fatal injuries.

The two accused were then put on their trial which resulted in their conviction as stated above in their conviction as stated above at the High Court Sessions. The Advocate General, Mr. Kenneth Kemp, with Mr. Pratap appeared for the prosecution. Mr. N. H. Jhabwala appeared for the first accused and Mr. F. B. Vatcha for the second accused.

### MISAPPROPRIATION OF RS. 207 ALLEGED

G. K. S. Co-operative Society Secretary Arrested

BOMBAY, Monday. Dagdoo Ranooji Sanap, formerly employed as Secretary of the Goa Kamgar Sangh Co-operative Credit Society, Parel, was arrested by the C. I. D. on a complaint of misappropriation of Rs. 207 filed by the Auditor of Co-operative Societies in Bombay.

In applying for a remand of the accused it was stated that when the accounts of the Society were audited it was found that Rs. 207 had been misappropriated during the years 1930 and 1932. The Magistrate ordered the accused to be released on a bail of Rs. 150.

### WEEK-END ARRESTS

Sequel To Gambling Raids In City

BOMBAY, Monday. The City Police carried out a series of gambling raids in different parts of Bombay during the week-end and arrested a large number of persons on "sutta" and card gambling charges. Thirty persons arrested in this connection were produced before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police court to-day and were ordered to be enlarged on bail. Monsey Jalwant and sixteen

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- ACTUARY.**
- Prof. K. B. Madhava, F.R.A.S. (London), Mysore University, Mysore.

- AUDITORS.**
- Messrs. B. P. Gharda & Co., Lucknow.

- CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER.**
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others were arrested by the Don-gri Police, when they raided a suspected gambling den in the locality on Sunday night.

Three persons were arrested by the Nagpada Police on Saturday night for a similar offence. In another raid carried out by the Nagpada Police the same night, in the ground floor of a house at Temker Street, five more persons, stated to have been gambling in cards, were arrested. A

search of the room yielded two packs of playing cards and some cash.

The Kolachowkie police raided a suspected gambling den situated in the locality under a gaming warrant issued by the Deputy Commissioner of Police. Crime Branch, and arrested another batch of five persons, on Saturday night. Sutta chits, stated to have been found at the place were seized by the police.



Trainer K. H. Irani leads in Cheer Up, winner of the Patiala Plate.



Sir George Jefferys greeting H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur at Poona Racecourse on Saturday. On the extreme right is the Maharaja's sister H.H. the Akkasaheb.



H. E. the Governor leaving the paddock at Poona to witness the racing.

## Zuyder Zee Shows To Advantage

Watch Grecian Orb, Jahan Ara And Greek Jack

(By Our Special Correspondent)

POONA, August 12.

The following gallops were noted in connection with Wednesday's racing at Poona:—

DOPATTA (Riding Boy) beat STAFF OFFICER (Khali) in a 5 furlongs gallop on the tan. The former appears to be in fine trim. ZUYDER ZEE (Britt) finished very resolutely in a 6 furlongs dash with CARTOON (Munro). The former must open his winning account soon.

OOTMAN (Davison) gave satisfaction over 7 furlongs. Fit and well.

HERITAGE (Brace) showed great dash when sent 7 furlongs. Much improved.

TALK (C. Hoyt) spurted half a mile moving well. Should be Hoyt's next winner.

ASHVARAJ (Munro) held WINKING (Britt) in a 6 furlongs trial. The former can win when wanted.

FAIRFORD (C. Hoyt) finished in front of AURANGZEBE (Riding Boy) over 5 furlongs. The former is in fine fettle at the moment.

MANNANA (Whittle) beat NAT-BAY (Riding Boy) in a 5 furlongs gallop. Keep an eye on the first named!

DIAGONAL (Selby) and PURPLE HERON (Donnelly) shaped well over 4 furlongs. A fit pair.

IRISH RIGHT (Whiteside) covered 6 furlongs. Fair.

GRECIAN ORB (Brace) gave great satisfaction in a 5 furlongs gallop on the tan. Should win early.

HER LADYSHIP (Brace) outstripped COURT SCANDAL (Wiggins) over 6 furlongs. The former should score at her first attempt.

MAGNOLIA (Munro) was superior to PERRIER (Riding Boy) over 6 furlongs.

GREEK JACK (Reynolds) prevailed over MISS FISHER (Harding) in a 6 furlongs trial. The former looks very well and must be kept in mind.

CHEAP JACK (Graham) beat MR. PIP (Bullock) in a half mile spurt.

AWAY (Britt) finished well in front of a stablemate over 5 furlongs. Has improved beyond recognition.

AMIR AKHLAK (Wiggins) covered 10 furlongs at steady pace. She is improving but not at her best yet.

JAHAN ARA (Munro) easily defeated FIERY FACE (Britt) in a 10 furlongs trial. The former has made notable improvement.

BUSHBOOS (Selby) travelled 10 furlongs in attractive style. Very fit.

ZOZAN (Thompson) proved superior to KANDA (Riding Boy) in a 10 furlongs gallop.

DAHES (Riding Boy) shaped very well over 10 furlongs. Is in good condition.

HOMER (Davison) traversed a mile moving freely. Fit and well.

MADRAS (Riding Boy) beat SIR JAMAL (Riding Boy) in a mile trial. The former must soon earn a winning bracket.

ARAB KING (Riding Boy) pleased in a mile trial.

SAMRAN (Thompson) went a mile. Fair.

QUALITY (Brace) put up a smart show over a mile. Watch him!

GOODBYE (O'Neale) finished well in a mile gallop. At his best.

SHERIYAR (Riding Boy) was restricted to pace work over a mile. A fit horse.

### SATIRANJAN MEMORIAL SHIELD

Unsportsmanlike Act of Player Spoils Game

On Saturday the Bengal Club met the B. K. Samaj in the first round. It was a well contested game. The Bengal Club was led by one goal to nil when nearing the close of the game. Shantaram, a player of the B. K. Samaj, hit a player of the Bengal Club. The spectators being enraged at this, evaded the ground and the game could not be continued further.

B. E. S. T. CLUB'S NARROW VICTORY.

On Sunday the B. E. S. T. Sports Club qualified themselves for the second round by defeating the V. J. T. Institute by 2 to 1. Shantaram, the inside left of B. E. S. T. broke into the defence of the Institute with the ball and scored the 1st goal. Elliott, the B. E. S. T. left back, fouling, the Institute equalised through Abraham, their inside left, by a free kick. In the second half, the B. E. S. T. had to play with a player short. Telang deliberately kicked a player of the V. J. T. Institute and was turned out of the field. There being no more score in the last half an extra time of 10 minutes was given and W. T. Rensch scored the deciding goal for the B. E. S. T.

Yorke, the V. J. T. Custodian, played a splendid game under the bar and brought up many good saves.

THE RESULT

B. E. S. T. SPORTS CLUB 2 goals.

V. J. T. INSTITUTE 1 goal.

THE TEAMS

B. E. S. T.:—Smith; Moore and Elliot; Telang, Otter and Lewis; Harris, Gardner, W. T. Rensch, Shantaram and O'Souza.

V. J. T. INSTITUTE:—Yorke; Metha and Raja; Gomes, Vankar and J. Spier; Rosario, Chandri, Franklin, Abraham and Mezezes.

Babu Rajendra Prasad is leaving Wardha to-day for Jamshedpur from where he goes to Allahabad. He will stay there for some days to look after the work in the Congress Office and to give final touches to the book "History of the Congress". Later on he goes to Bihar.

### ONLY 5 FAIL OUT OF 45!

Big "Pass" List in French & German Translation Tests of M.Sc. Exam.

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D. J. Davar, R. D. Gupta, J. R. Heeramanek, M. S. Katti, S. A. Trivedi.

GERMAN AND CHEMISTRY.

V. C. Amin, M. C. Lalwala, B. H. Peermahomed, N. I. Phalnikar, N. R. Sathe, G. S. Shenolikar, D. R. Sukhtankar.

GERMAN AND ZOOLOGY.

M. G. R. Menon.

GERMAN AND MATHEMATICS.

R. H. Kulkarni, V. D. Mandre, Kulkarni Centre.

French and Physics: L. A. de Sousa.

R. P. Daroga, B. E. Mirza.

FRENCH AND CHEMISTRY.

J. B. Sidhwa.

FRENCH AND MATHEMATICS.

D. D. Hingorane, T. T. Karamchandani, G. A. Kewalramani.

## Sports Jottings From Here And There

### Indian Board Of Cricket Control Succumbs

(By J. C. Maitra)

As I had anticipated, the Board of Control for Cricket in India, in its meeting on Sunday last, enthusiastically resolved to welcome the Australian cricketers to India in the interests of Indian cricket. Constituted as the Board is, it would have been a miracle if they had decided otherwise. The climax came when the Board in the exuberance of their feelings voted to cable to the Australian Board India's appreciation for their permission and "co-operation." Unless and until we have a Board which places the honour and prestige of the nation above everything else, we shall have to suffer such indignities.

#### AN AMUSING COMPARISON.

I was not a little amused to learn from the President that "the relative merits of the combination was considered as good as the Australian team visiting South Africa next winter." I wonder if he was not thinking of the great performances which Ryder, Macwintney, Hendry, Love, Ironmonger, Oxenham and Ellis put up in their hey-day, when Sir Sikander Hayat said this. Evidently he forgot that they were long past those glorious days, and are now living in the twilight of their fame. Their ages now range between 45 and 50. To compare

these men with the youthful and vigorous players who compose the official team for South Africa is ludicrous. Only two players among the latter are above forty, namely Victor Richardson (41) and Clarrie Grimmett (43). The rest are all below 37 going down to 20.

I cannot imagine who among our visitors can be placed along with Grimmett, O'Reilly and Fleetwood-Smith as bowlers and Oldfield as wicketkeeper, or who may stand on the batting level of Victor Richardson, Fingleton, McCabe, Brown, Chipperfield and Darling. That those who have been selected for South Africa had the first preference of the Australian Board is a clear enough testimony to their superior qualifications. I need hardly mention that the fielding of our visitors would undoubtedly suffer due to the weight of age which they will carry.

#### STRONG, BUT WILL THEY LAST?

Despite its unfavourable comparison with the team for South Africa, I have no doubt, as I said before, the visiting team is strong enough to vanquish our best combinations. Highly proficient as they are in the matter of strategy and tactics, they will have plenty of lessons to impart to us. Our players who are to be sent out to England next year, are sure to profit by them. As for the power of the visitors to draw big crowds I feel confident that the gates will crash everywhere once the fans realise their strength. My only fear is that the older players in the team may not be able to withstand the strenuous journey throughout the length and breadth of India.

#### WHY THESE GUARANTEES?

The itinerary of 22 matches, including three against an India XI, at Bombay, Calcutta and Madras, was approved by the Board. There is, however, a hitch over the Calcutta fixtures, as the Bengal and Assam Cricket Association refused to give a guarantee of Rs. 20,000 as demanded by the Board of Control. I fail to understand why the Board wants such a guarantee since all the expenses of the visit will be met by the Maharaja of Patiala. It should be sufficient if the Provincial Associations agree to bear all

the expenses in connection with the matches to be played in their respective centres and to share the profits with the Board of Control. The latter body in matters financial has become a sort of white elephant. The more they get, the more they spend. Fortunately for them, they have secured the guarantees from all the provincial associations, with the exception of Bengal. If the Eastern Presidency does not agree to a consent decree, they stand to lose the matches altogether which, by the way, will be a gain to Northern India, as Lahore will have the benefit of one of the All-India matches. It is hoped however that Calcutta will come to terms with the Board.

#### A GOOD SELECTION COMMITTEE.

The Board of Control has appointed K. S. Duleepsinhji, Nawab of Pataudi and Dr. H. D. Kanga to constitute a selection committee for the purpose of selecting players for the all-India matches, as well as for the tour to England next year. I am glad the Nawab of Bhopal did not accept the position on this Committee, which was offered to him. As it is, the trio who have been elected, should prove worthy of the confidence laid on them. The idea of having one assessor from each of the four zones to assist the selection committee is good. This will leave no chance to any one to complain that the case of some of its deserving players was not considered at all. I appreciate the motive of the Board to leave the question of captaincy of the All-India team open for the present, and also to try more than one aspirant for the position for the England tour next summer.

#### POPULAR WILL PREVAIL.

The programme for the England tour, which includes three Test matches, was approved by the Board. There are some points in connection with this tour, which I shall discuss in my next article. The schemes for the inter-provincial and inter-university championships and Willingdon Trophy Tournaments were also accepted. I feel rather gratified to note that the Board has at last bowed to the popular will by reversing its former decision in

regard to foreign tours by private teams. The readers of these columns may remember that I had carried on a vigorous campaign against the Board on this question. The support which Duleepsinhji gave to it changed the attitude of the authorities. Duleepsinhji deserves to be thanked for his powerful advocacy of a just cause for the uplift of Indian cricket.

### RANJI CRICKET CHAMPIONSHIP

Dates Of Matches Fixed

This morning at 9-30 the representatives of the various Cricket Associations met in the Princes' Room in the Taj Mahal Hotel as a separate sub-committee to fix the dates of the Ranji Cricket Championship of India for 1935-36.

It was decided that in fixing the dates and the fixtures of the championship of India due consideration must be given to the other fixtures of tournaments to be held all over the country and also to arrange them in such a way as not to affect the fixtures of the Aussies' tour.

Mr. Rustomi (N. I. C. A.) was in the chair.

The following dates were fixed for the matches to be played in the Southern and Western zones.

#### SOUTH.

MADRAS vs. MYSORE:—Match to be played at Bangalore on 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th of Nov.

WINNERS of above fixture vs. Hyderabad:—At Madras Nov-

ember 30, and December 1 and 2.

ALL MATCHES TO BE PLAYED AT POONA.

BOMBAY vs. MAHARASHTRA:—27th, 28th, 29th of November.

WINNERS of above fixture vs. SIND:—3rd, 4th and 5th of December.

WESTERN INDIA vs. GUJARAT:—30th November, 1st and 2nd December.

Preliminary rounds of fixtures in the Eastern and Northern Zones will be fixed by Mutual arrangements in consultation with the Hon. Secretary. The Semi-Finals between North and East has been fixed for Amritsar for December 9, 10 and 11.

The Semi-Finals between South and East will be played at Madras on 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of December.

And the Finals come off at Bombay on 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th of January.

PLAYERS FOR JUBILEE TROPHY

It is expected that the following teams will compete for the Jubilee Trophy offered by the Maharaj Kumar of Vizianagaram:—

1. His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala's XI.

2. His Highness the Jam Sahib's XI.

3. The Maharaj Kumar of Vizianagaram's XI.

4. Nawab Moin-ud-Dowlah Bahadur's XI.

5. Sir Homi Mehta's XI.

As this tournament will be played in Delhi in October next it is proposed that the Selection Committee should witness the tournament with a view to watch the form of the players.

Babu Rajendra Prasad is leaving Wardha to-day for Jamshedpur from where he goes to Allahabad. He will stay there for some days to look after the work in the Congress Office and to give final touches to the book "History of the Congress". Later on he goes to Bihar.

Before your COLD GROWS SERIOUS



Stop it with Mistol

PERMA-GRIP makes this the outstanding TOOTH BRUSH

At last, an ultra-modern tooth brush—a tooth brush embodying all the features of the famous Pro-phy-lac-tic plus the new PERMA-GRIP process—a process that actually welds the bristles into the handle securely, permanently. No other brush gives you this feature—no other brush offers such security from loose bristles, infection and annoyance. Ask for Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip. Always sold in the yellow box. Look for the hyphenated name.

Pro-phy-lac-tic

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A GENUINE PRO-PHY-LAC-TIC PRODUCT

# City And Suburbs

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

### To-day

Hindu: Shrawan Sud 14, 1931.  
Muslim: Jamad-ul-Awwal 13, 1354.  
Parsi: Aspadarmad 11, 1304.  
Sunset: 6 hrs 19 min  
Night: 11-12 23-06  
Luncheon: 4-23 17-24

Municipal Corporation: Nomination of candidates for by-election from "B" (Mandvi) Ward.  
Raghu Bombay Gymkhana vs. Hamam, Cooperage, 6 p.m.  
Harwood League, (2nd Division): City Police vs. The "Times of India, Parel."  
WEDNESDAY, August 14.  
Cocunut Day: Public Holiday.  
Banks closed.  
Mad Sports: Marine Lines, 5-30 p.m.  
SATURDAY, August 17.  
Bombay Congress Socialist Party's Lecture Series: Mr. Ashoka Mehta's discourse on "America at Cross-roads," 20 p.m. (S.T.), Jinnah Hall, Madan, with homeward mails at 1 p.m.

B. C. C. COUNCIL MEETING.  
Meeting of the Council of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held today (Tuesday) at 6-45 p.m. at the Congress House.  
SOUTH INDIAN BHAJANA SAMAJ.  
Shrawan Bhajana will be conducted by Bhajani Mylapore Subramania Sathiga in the Samaj premises from 6 a.m. to 12 noon to-morrow (Wednesday).

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.  
Cin Line steamer s.s. "Cin Macindoe" arrived at London on the afternoon of the 9th instant.

SOCIAL MUSIC CO-OP. MEETING.  
The annual general meeting of the Social Music Co-operative Society will be held to-morrow (Wednesday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) in the Parel Settlement Hall, at 91-B Parel Road, Chinchpokli, Bombay.

GOWD SARASWAT SHRAWAN.  
Under the auspices of the Gowd Sarawati Brahman Sabha, Bombay, the "Shrawan Upakarma Ceremony" will be held to-morrow (Wednesday) morning at the Sri Kasi Mutt, Walkeshwar. The ceremony will commence at 9 a.m. punctually.

INDIAN MUSIC CIRCLE CONCERT.  
A musical concert by Miss Tarajani of Gadag will be given to-day (Tuesday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Laxmi Rang Hall, New Bhatwadi, under the auspices of the Indian Music Circle, Bombay. Members are cordially requested to attend with their guests.

POSTAL NOTICES.  
Mails for Straits Settlements and China via Nipponmaru will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 p.m. on Thursday the 15th instant.  
Mails for Colombo and Australia per s.s. "Comorin" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Thursday the 15th instant.

WELLINGTON TO-MORROW MATINEE AT 3-30 p.m.  
To-day: 6-40 and 10 p.m.  
Columbia's Super-Production.

IT HAPPENED ONE NIGHT with the screen's favourite stars

CLARK GABLE CLAUDETTE COLBERT together for the first time Also showing: Musical Cartoon.

BABES AT SEA IN ENTIRE TECHNICOLOR. The first of its kind in India. Plans Open. Phone 22565.

THE REGAL LAST DAY at 6-30 & 10 p.m.

MAURICE CHEVALIER FOLIES BERGERE 20.

GORGEOUS GIRLS! GAY SONGS! Free List Suspended.

THE CAPITOL Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

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## SOCIAL WORKERS' TRAINING CLASS

The Social Workers' Training Class will meet at the hall of the Social Service League, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. P. J. Shroff, M.A., LL.M., will deliver a lecture on "Social Aspect of the Bombay Prevention of Prostitution Act."

ASTHIKA SAMAJ.  
Rigveda Yajurveda, Upanishads will be conducted by Smt. Rangavadyar, Vydinga Vadyar and Ramaswamy Vadyar, to-morrow, (Wednesday) from 6 a.m. to 1 p.m.  
Under the auspices of the above Samaj, Gokulashankar will be celebrated from 15th to 21st instant.

PUBLIC LECTURE ON UNEMPLOYMENT.  
Under the auspices of the Brahmin Sabha, Mr. V. G. Patwardhan of Ichalkaranji will deliver a public lecture on "Unemployment in Brahmin Community" to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Karandikar Hall, Shankarwadi, Girgaum, Bombay.

ENGLISH MAILS.  
The outward P and O mail steamer "Comorin" with the Mails from London of 1st instant arrived at Aden at 9-0 a.m. on the 11th inst. and left there at 1 p.m. the same day.  
In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 5 p.m. on Thursday the 15th instant.  
The "Comorin" will sail from Ballard Pier for Australia at 11 p.m. the same day.

KHADI HAWKING IN 'C' WARD.  
A batch of workers led by Smt. Ratan Chaudhary hawking Khadi at Bhagwadi and Popatwadi. Messrs. Dagli Bros and Shantilal as well as Mr. Bhagwandas Punjabhai, a cloth merchant, purchased Khadi. Messrs. Yashwanth Parolekar, Kameshwar Vyas, Ambalal Mehta, Devendra Desai, Valabhdas Modi, Bhupendra Desai, Bhavanishanker Oza, Ramesh Desai and Virbala Ganpati joined the party.

MAHALAXMI HARIJAN CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.  
In July altogether 249 persons (all Harijans) have taken benefit of this dispensary out of which 61 were men, 123 women and 122 children under 10 years. Two operations were performed. Following donations have been received:  
The N. M. Wadia Charities Rs. 75; Mr. Kamalaxmi Govindlal Narbharan Rs. 40 and Smt. Jethalal Ramji Dalal Rs. 20; total Rs. 135.

PALWADA AUDICHYA BRAHMIN CONFERENCE.  
To consider the fund raised for starting a Boarding at Surat for the benefit of the Palwada Audichya students studying at Surat, a meeting of the local people of that district was held on Saturday night at Chhotalal Bhuvan. Resolutions requesting every one in Bombay to subscribe Rs. 2 or more per month, asking persons staying elsewhere to send their contributions and such other resolutions were adopted. Smt. Gajanan Vyas was in the chair. After tea and tiffin which was offered by Mr. Dnyanabhai Desai the meeting terminated late at night.

LATE THOMAS FERREIRA.  
Touching references were made to the death of Mr. Thomas Ferreira, M.A., LL.B., J.P., Solicitor, at the Public Meeting of the Catholics of Baseline held at Pardi on Sunday last with Dr. V. A. M. Pereira in the chair.  
The late Mr. Ferreira had rendered yeoman service to the East Indian Catholics and was at the time of his death Secretary of the Bombay East Indian Association. He had taken prominent part in the agitation for the amalgamation of the two jurisdictions and was mainly instrumental in making the movement a success.  
Messrs. Clement D'Souza, Victor Almeida, Thomas Carvalho and Michael Almeida also spoke.

NAGPADA JAMIAT-UL-MUSLIMEEN.  
The Secretary of Jamiat-ul-Muslimeen writes:—  
A public meeting of the Muslims of Nagpada was held on Saturday last at 3rd Peer Khan Street, under the presidency of Mr. Syed Munawar Syed Ishaq when an Anjuman was established by the name of the Jamiat-ul-Muslimeen, Nagpada. A constitution was framed and the office-bearers were elected.  
The objects of the Anjuman are:—  
(1) To promote feelings of brotherhood and co-operation amongst the Muslims.  
(2) To ameliorate the social, economic, and educational conditions of Muslims.  
(3) To establish night schools, a library and debating society for the benefit of the public.  
(4) To do all things that may be beneficial for Muslims and the general public.

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## AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

PATHE—"Stolen Harmony" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.  
CAPITOL—"Folies Bergeres" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.  
REGAL—"Vagabond Lady" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.  
WEST END—"Dash-Dasi" Time as usual.  
KRISHNA—"Dhawan-Dhar" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10 p.m.  
IMPERIAL—"Search for Truth" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.  
MAJESTIC—"Pajarini" Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.  
MINERVA—"Chandidas" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.  
WELLINGTON—"It Happened One Night" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.  
ROXY—"Fashionable India" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.  
GLOBE—"Dashing Girl" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.  
EXCELSIOR—"Building Jack" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO.  
12 noon. Time signal. Selection of Indian music. 1 p.m. Available market rates. European Lunch Hour Selections. 2 p.m. Relay from the Rotary Club. 3-30 p.m. Close down.  
5-30 p.m. Relay of music from Capitol Cinema. 6-30 p.m. Educational Talk. European Programme. 7 p.m. "8-Scopus" 7-15 p.m. Dance music. Jack Hyton and his Orchestra. (H. M. V.) 8-15 p.m. European programme. Weather Report and News Bulletin. 8-30 p.m. Indian Programme. General News in Hindi. (Radiofonia). 9-45 p.m. Time signal. Light Classical Music. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting.  
7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The B B C Empire Orchestra; leader, Daniel Melsa; conductor, Eric Fogg. 8-15 p.m. Gossip Hour—8th Edition. Compiled and compared by Cecil Madden consisting of novelties, visitors, characters, music, and types. 8-45 p.m. Light Classical Concert. The Sylvan Trio; John Francis (Flute), Sylvia Spencer (Oboe) and Millicent Silver (Harp). 9-45 p.m. The Serge Krish Septet. 10 p.m. The News. 10-15 p.m. The Serge Krish Septet (continued). 10-30 p.m. Close down.

Police Find Marked Coin In B. P.'s Pocket Instead Of In Raid.  
Alibhai Rahimtulla and Manjibhai Rahimtulla, two Muslim brothers, who had volunteered to act as bogus punters in a gambling raid that was conducted by the Dongri Police at Sandhurst Road on Saturday night, and who were entrusted with money for the purpose, were charged with criminal breach of trust by the police at the Mazgaon Court to-day.

BOMBAY, Monday.  
Alibhai Rahimtulla and Manjibhai Rahimtulla, two Muslim brothers, who had volunteered to act as bogus punters in a gambling raid that was conducted by the Dongri Police at Sandhurst Road on Saturday night, and who were entrusted with money for the purpose, were charged with criminal breach of trust by the police at the Mazgaon Court to-day.

On a search of the shop, they found that there were no marked coins and betting slip there! Growing suspicious of the conduct of the accused, they were searched and the marked rupee was found in Manjibhai's possession.

Mr. Oscar H. Brown ordered the two brothers to be released in bail.

Baroda College Troupe Hind Vijay Gymkhana (From Our Correspondent).  
BARODA, Aug. 12.  
A cricket match between the Baroda College and the Hindvijay Gymkhana resulted in a win for the former by eleven wickets and 29 runs. Gymkhana scored 24 and 107 in the first and second innings while the College scored 160 in the first innings.

News has been received from Dehgam that the Rajput woman who had escaped from jail was arrested by police at the village of Lakroda.

SWASTIK LEAGUE, BOMBAY.  
The Honorary Secretary of the Swastik League, writes:—  
Since its establishment in 1929 the League has been carrying on its activities in Bombay for spreading physical culture and discipline, promoting co-operation and goodwill, encouraging the spirit of social service and making its members good citizens. According to its annual practice the League proposes to send round its volunteers on Wednesday next the 14th instant (Cocunut Day) for spreading its gospels amongst the citizens of Bombay by means of leaflets and for collecting funds. The League is now providing up-to-date facilities for the cultivation of physical culture and discipline to all Hindus at a nominal price. The gymnasium is conducted on up-to-date lines and the sports and games are organised to promote team work. To enable the League to carry its message to all the sections of the Hindu community the League must extend its activities still further. If the Hindu community will direct their charities towards institutions like the League the work of organising the community will be more speedy.

## EXTERNEE SENTENCED

Gets Two Years' R. I. For Returning To City Without Permission.  
BOMBAY, Monday.  
For disobeying an exterriment order of the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, one Sheikh Ismail Sheikh Ahmed was sentenced by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, to undergo two years' rigorous imprisonment.

The accused had been convicted before having returned to the city without the permission of the Commissioner of Police in contravention of the order served on him and he was sentenced to one year R. I.

On July 23 the accused again returned to Bombay and was arrested. The accused had to his credit five previous convictions for robbery and theft.

A FREE RIGHT HIGH SCHOOL.  
Mr. H. S. Kalnad, the Organizer of the D. A. V. Night High School, Bombay, writes:—  
"At a meeting convened on Sunday evening of the well wishers of the above institution, which has been working for the last eight years at Bhuleswar, it was agreed that looking at the present state of affairs, it becomes desirable in the interest of the institution that the staff of teachers working at present and also the Head Master, be forthwith asked to resign and hand over the charge of the institution immediately.

Further, it was resolved that henceforward no contributions whatsoever, which has been the practice of collecting from the boys by the Head Master be discontinued. The education imparted shall be entirely free irrespective of caste and creed."

"MAGISTRATE HAS NOT USED HIS DISCRETION PROPERLY"  
Thana Sessions Judge Exonerates Medical Officer Of Charge Of Giving False Evidence (From Our Correspondent).  
THANA, Aug. 12.  
Dr. V. B. Gupte, the Government Medical Officer in-charge of the Kalyan Dispensary, who had been charged with the offence of giving false evidence brought against him; and Mr. M. G. Nalk, the Resident Magistrate at Kalyan, who had ordered the doctor's prosecution on the motion of Mr. A. Larson, a Swedish Officer in the Western India Match Factory at Ambernath, for the alleged fabrication of a false record of injuries, were criticised by Mr. M. A. Bhave, Sessions Judge of Thana, to-day, in the course of the judgment in the appeal preferred by Dr. Gupte against the Magistrate's order for the appellant's prosecution under Sections 193 and 218 of the Indian Penal Code.

NOT COMPETENT.  
The Sessions Judge ordered that the complaint under Section 193 I. P. C. be withdrawn forthwith. As regards the complaint under Section 218 I. P. C. the Judge held that no appeal lay, and hence he was not competent to pass any order. He refused to refer the matter to the High Court for exercise of their revisional jurisdiction, as other remedies were open to the appellant, and as his objections were capable of being considered by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate before whom the complaint was filed.

Mr. A. V. Chitre appeared for the appellant, Mr. S. S. Kazi, Assistant Public Prosecutor, for the respondent Magistrate (Crown), and Mr. W. A. Rege for Mr. A. Larson, another respondent.

The facts of the case were that one Lobo charged Larson with assault and hurt in the Kalyan Dispensary. The doctor had treated the injuries of the complainant. The Magistrate in the course of the trial disbelieved the correctness of the record of injuries on the person of Lobo. The Court ordered the complainant to pay Rs. 40 as compensation to the accused, who was acquitted; and the prosecution of the doctor before the Sub-Divisional Magistrate for Kalyan Prant at Thana. These proceedings were then stayed by the Sessions Judge pending decision of the appeal.

"PERSONAL GRUDGE."  
The contention of the appellant was that he had not made any false statement in the record of injuries, which were correctly described by him; and that the prosecution was the result of the "personal grudge" of the Resident Magistrate against him.

The respondents urged that an appeal did not lie against the order of the Resident Magistrate, directing prosecution of the appellant under Section 218 I. P. C. The Sessions Judge found that

## LATHI SWINGING RECORDS BROKEN

Dukhade And Mhatre's Admirable Performance.  
Messrs. G. J. Dukhade and B. R. Mhatre broke all the previous lathi records by continuous swinging lathis for 25 hours and 21 hours respectively, commencing from Sunday the 11th instant at 3 a.m. The lathi of Mr. Dukhade measured 6 feet 4 inches and weighed 83 tolas, and the revolutions per minute were found to be between 130 and 200. Thus, Mr. Dukhade has made a new record in lathi swinging. Many other persons also accompanied him in this performance, among whom was a girl named Miss Suman K. Padia aged 8 years, who swung lathi for 4 hours. Nearly a thousand ladies and gentlemen witnessed this programme. Mr. Dukhade and his companion Mr. Mhatre were garlanded when they both broke the 13 hours records. Mr. Mhatre topped the lathi at 12 p.m. (Sunday) and Mr. Dukhade stopped at 4 a.m. (Monday 12th). Mr. Dukhade was quite fresh even after 25 hours.

Alleged Watch Snatcher Apprehended By Police Inspector.  
BOMBAY, Monday.  
A gang of desperadoes operating on Girgaum Road were put under arrest by Inspector Rao Sahib Dore of the Princess Street Police Station on Saturday night, when he went to the rescue of a man who had his wrist watch snatched away from him while walking along Girgaum Road at 10-30 p.m.

The accused Baboo Soma and Narayan Rama were placed before the Presidency Magistrate, third court to-day.

It was stated that the accused stopped a pedestrian walking along the road and picked up a quarrel with him. They then snatched his wrist watch and ran away. Narayan Rama was chased and arrested by Inspector Dore while Baboo Soma escaped. He was arrested on Sunday morning.

The Magistrate remanded the accused in custody till August 28.

COTTAGE INDUSTRIES IN C. P.  
Progress Of Work During Year.  
NAGPUR, Aug. 11.  
The following note showing the steps taken by the C. P. Government during the current year for encouragement of cottage industries in the province has been placed before the C. P. Council in respect to a question by Mr. S. M. Rahman (Akola).

HANDLOOM INDUSTRY.  
In view of the increased activities of the textile branch, Government has sanctioned the revival of the post of the Textile Expert with effect from the 1st April, 1935. The selection of a candidate for the post is under the consideration of Government.

The demonstration staff has been strengthened by the addition of four temporary cotton weavers and one Hattersley loom. The latter appointment has been created for five years. Two weaving peripatetic parties in-charge of two weaving teachers have been formed to introduce improved weaving appliances amongst the weavers who are located in the more remote villages of the Chhattisgarh and Nagpur Divisions.

The Government of India has made a grant of Rs. 17,000 for the development of the handloom industry in the province. It is being utilised in running the Central Provinces and Berar Weavers' Co-operative Society at Nagpur with a branch at Kamptee.

In view of the increased demand for the services of the Dyeing and Printing Demonstrator for demonstrating the modern method of dyeing and printing the term of the post has been extended by 5 years.

LEATHER TANNING.  
A scheme for the training of apprentices in (a) leather tanning and dressing and (b) boot making, with Government aid, in private tanneries is under the consideration of Government.

Some products of village industries have been sent for exhibition at the Canadian National Exhibition, Toronto, Canada.

INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION.  
A proposal to open, an aided industrial school at Darwha for training 15 boys in carpentry and 15 boys in smithy with Government stipends is under the consideration of Government.

A Board of Industries under Section 3 of the Central Provinces State Aid to Industries Act has been constituted to consider applications for the grant of aid to industries.

The question of awarding scholarships to encourage youngmen of the province to take lac handicrafts such as lac bangles, lac toys, lac dye, lacquer work etc. is under the consideration of Government.—United Press.

BRITISH TROOPS WITHDRAWN FROM LAHORE.  
LAHORE, August 12.  
With the removal of the Royal Scots from Shahdiganj Gurdwara to-day, the British troops who were drafted to the city over a month ago as a result of mosque agitation were completely withdrawn from the city. The Royal Scots were guarding the Gurdwara since July 9 when the Sikhs commenced the demolition of the mosque. Police pickets are now posted in the place of British troops.—A. P.

# In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents).

## Education In Borivli

Those who prefer to stay out of Bombay find one great difficulty and that is in regard to the education of their children. Borivli is far away from Bombay although it is a part of the Bombay suburbs and those who settle down there have to make their own arrangement to provide education for their children as it is not convenient to bring them down to Bombay every day and take them home again in the evening. With this end in view the Borivli Education society was started in February 1934 and in the course of a year it has achieved good results. Apart from Gujarati, English is taught as far as the third standard in the school conducted by the Society. Education is imparted to 165 pupils not only in the three R's but also in physical culture which is gratifying. About Rs. 500 a month is spent for the upkeep of the school which amount is raised by voluntary subscriptions.

Students & Punctuality.  
The penalty imposed by some professors in the colleges of our city on students who happen to be unavoidably late sometimes is rather too severe. Though it cannot be denied that the habit of punctuality is one which should be studiously cultivated by all and more especially by students, yet if reports are to be believed, the turning out of students from lecture classes, who they are a little late, is incompatible with justice. The student, doubtless, loses his attendance for the day for being late. That is sufficient punishment for the offence. But to deprive the student of the benefit of listening to the lecture of the professor, taking into consideration that he is entitled to that privilege, is to be too hard on the poor student. Is it too much to hope that the professors, who are guilty of imposing such penalties on the students, which are by all means disproportionate to the magnitude of the offences, will in the future remember that magnanimity is as good a quality as punctuality?

GAMBLING CHARGE FAILS.  
BOMBAY, Monday.  
The improbability of an American cotton tipster being trusted to accept bets on his own tips by patrons, was emphasised by the defence counsel when contending that the bogus punter sent by Deputy Inspector Hewson of the Princess Street Police Station, had planted a book containing records of sutta bets and Rs. 2 in marked coins.

The bogus punter was supplied by one Bhoglal, informant and it was not safe to accept his evidence. Mr. Reuben Solomon urged when pleading for an acquittal for his client.

The Magistrate accepted the defence contentions and acquitted the accused.

In this case one Baburam Duraprasad, described as an "American Cotton Expert" was arrested by Deputy Inspector Hewson on a charge of keeping a common gaming house, was ordered to be acquitted by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court.

STOLEN HARMONY.  
3-30 6-30 & 10 p.m.  
ORACE BRADLEY FINE ARTS AND LITHO PATHE

GASTRIC SUFFERER GAVE UP HOPE.  
Here is the case of a man who suffered from Gastritis since the War. As Mr. D. says, he was completely fed-up with spending money on useless drugs and had given up all hope of relief. Then on the advice of a doctor he bought a bottle of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder, that wonderful remedy which has brought comfort to thousands of stomach sufferers. After two or three doses he felt a better man. He calls Maclean Brand Stomach Powder a "godsend." Here is his letter:—  
"I had been a sufferer from Gastric trouble since the War. I tried everything. I was fed up with getting no relief. I spent money on drugs and different medicines and had given up all hope of ever getting relief till I took a good course of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder. Even after two or three doses I felt the benefit. Now, thank goodness, I feel a better man and only because I have taken your Powder when everything else had failed. If only I had known before! Maclean Brand Stomach Powder is a godsend to all sufferers."

If you suffer from stomach trouble of any sort you can get the same relief as Mr. D., but be sure to ask your chemist for the genuine Maclean Brand Stomach Powder, bearing a red seal. The signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" is on seal, carton and label. If you have any difficulty in obtaining it from your local chemist or store, write to Martin & Harris, Ltd., 119, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

Also sold in tablet form.

Telephone No. 2288,  
Post Box No. 22.

# The Bombay Chronicle

101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463, 465, 467, 469, 471, 473, 475, 477, 479, 481, 483, 485, 487, 489, 491, 493, 495, 497, 499, 501, 503, 505, 507, 509, 511, 513, 515, 517, 519, 521, 523, 525, 527, 529, 531, 533, 535, 537, 539, 541, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713, 715, 717, 719, 721, 723, 725, 727, 729, 731, 733, 735, 737, 739, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 751, 753, 755, 757, 759, 761, 763, 765, 767, 769, 771, 773, 775, 777, 779, 781, 783, 785, 787, 789, 791, 793, 795, 797, 799, 801, 803, 805, 807, 809, 811, 813, 815, 817, 819, 821, 823, 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835, 837, 839, 841, 843, 845, 847, 849, 851, 853, 855, 857, 859, 861, 863, 865, 867, 869, 871, 873, 875, 877, 879, 881, 883, 885, 887, 889, 891, 893, 895, 897, 899, 901, 903, 905, 907, 909, 911, 913, 915, 917, 919, 921, 923, 925, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 969, 971, 973, 975, 977, 979, 981, 983, 985, 987, 989, 991, 993, 995, 997, 999.

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1935

## A DARK OUTLOOK

Strong protests against the injustice done to Indian commerce and industry by the Bombay De-limitation Committee's recommendations continue to be made in responsible business circles in the province, the latest body to condemn the injustice being the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce. In his speech at the third quarterly meeting of the Chamber Mr. M. L. Dahanukar bitterly remarked that "although Indian Commerce has a great stake in the industry and although it has great, permanent and vital economic interests, it is given less representation, while non-Indian commercial interests are given representation which is out of proportion to their importance," such differential treatment, he added, was an old story and if anyone had expected a change or modification in the past policy on the eve of the new constitution, "he must confess to a sense of keen disappointment." Indeed the new constitution, loaded with all sorts of safeguards for British interests, make the outlook for Indian commerce and industries even darker than it is at present.

### "A Farce"

We are already having a fore-taste of the policy to be followed under the new regime. Mr. Dahanukar himself points out how "the contemplated revision (downward) of the present revenue tariff which with its surcharges has afforded a varying measure of protection to a number of industries for some time past, the imposition of excise duty on sugar and match industries at the present stage of their development and the view of the Hon. the Finance Member of the Government of India, that India has had a little too much of protection and the treatment which Government of India have given to the glass industry of the country and the way they have dealt with the Tariff Board's report on that industry do not seem to augur well." As regards the talk of our fiscal autonomy, Mr. Hooseinbhai Laljee aptly described it the other day as "a farce, with the shackles of commercial safeguards as embodied in the India Act." The Act itself may well be described as a Charter given to Britain guaranteeing to her the Indian market for her manufactures.

### Wanted Organised Swadeshi

There would have been some excuse for the policy of favouring

British trade in India if it were not possible for India to replace British goods by her own and if India had only to choose between British and other foreign goods; though excessive preference to Britain is always harmful to Indian interests as it alienates the non-British customers for our products. But everybody knows that it is quite possible for India to replace almost all British goods by her own. We have the necessary raw materials, the capital and technical skill. Only, to utilise all these successfully we need initial State aid against all non-Indian competitors including Britain. Indeed, as Mr. Dahanukar observes "in no country today under the present conditions, when science and technique have advanced so much and when they are making new strides almost every day revolutionising the manufacturing processes, is it possible to aim at rapid but successful industrialisation unless the State is ready to help this." In the present position of India, however, effective protection against Britain, however essential, is practically out of the question. And even as regards protection against other countries, it is often made inadequate by the necessity of giving facilities to Britain and the danger of giving unreasonable preference to her. In short it is impossible to look forward to an era of adequate State protection even under the new constitution. And such an era will not come till India achieves complete political freedom. But much can be done till then if the people themselves give to Swadeshi goods the aid which they cannot get from Government. A nation-wide, well coordinated campaign of Swadeshi is essential to make up for the want of State aid. Unfortunately, at the present moment the campaign is not at all what it ought to be or can be. Many producers think more of profits than of national interests. Many consumers are lacking in the faith that their sacrifices, even if prolonged, will finally bring about national economic welfare. Many others are vacillating between support to large scale industries and that to small scale ones, forgetting that we sorely need both. We feel that it is necessary for businessmen and Congress workers to meet in conference and chalk out a comprehensive but thoroughly practicable plan of Swadeshi. Only such a plan, worked out persistently, will counteract the mischievous influence of the pro-British safeguards and will duly protect Indian interests.

## Abyssinia And India

It is quite true, as Mr. Shapurji Saklatwala says in his letter, that the Italo-Abyssinian situation resolves itself into "a bare-faced threat by Mussolini to uphold the hideous doctrine of might being right" and that Mussolini "has shown greater arrogance even than his sense of injustice when he announced the doctrine of the people of white nationalities being justified in attacking and destroying the national rights and liberties of coloured and Oriental peoples." Mussolini's is undoubtedly a challenge to the coloured peoples of the world and it is their duty at least to let him know that that challenge has not gone unnoticed. Situated as India is at present, she cannot, unfortunately, do anything by way of substantial help

to Abyssinia. She cannot even voice her protest at the League of Nations, although she is a member, because her so-called "representatives" represent anything but herself. But India can and must express her moral condemnation of Italy and unconditional sympathy for Abyssinia. It is also India's duty to demand that the British Government shall close the Suez Canal against ships of war and other ships carrying soldiers and munitions from Italy to East Africa. The Congress Socialist Party has decided to hold an Abyssinia day and it is the duty of every Indian—even the non-Congress and non-Socialist Indian, for he too is "coloured"—to participate and make the Day a complete success.

## The "Hans"

"Hans" is the name of a new Hindi magazine proposed to be published monthly from the 1st of October under the joint editorship of Sjt. Premchand and Sjt. Kanaivalal Munshi. The magazine is meant to be "a step towards the establishment of a commonwealth of provincial literatures in India." The idea took some definite shape at the Hindi Sammelan, held at Indore in April last under the presidency of Mahatma Gandhi, when a committee was appointed to devise means to "bring about a contact with literary men working through the provincial languages in the country and obtain their

co-operation in the evolution of the Hindi language." The "Hans" proposes to work for this ideal by publishing, among other things, short notes on literary and cultural events in different provinces, sketches of the history of provincial literatures, literary gems from provincial literatures, and discussions on a common script for India. Gandhiji has blessed the new venture and says: "Everyone should be acquainted with the literature produced in the provincial languages through the medium of our national language. It is, therefore, a matter of great satisfaction that everyone who desires to make

CONGRESS  
AND LABOUR  
Need For Active  
Alliance  
(BY A CONGRESSMAN.)

One would have thought the interview that Babu Rajendra Prasad and other members of the Congress Working Committee had with the representatives of the All-India Trade Union Congress marked the beginning of a new orientation of Congress policy not only in regard to Labour, but also in regard to its method in the struggle for the attainment of National Independence. The time was most propitious to enlist the active co-operation of organised Labour in this country in the wider national struggle. The failure of a purely political struggle without a dynamic economic basis to draw the masses as active participants in it, on the one hand and the realisation on the part of the leaders of the Trade Union movement that the policy of isolation they had been pursuing has led to the weakening of the yet growing Labour movement on the other, had prepared the stage for a fruitful alliance between the National Congress and the All-India Trade Union Congress. The importance, nay the imperative need, for such an alliance cannot be stressed too much. The conviction is growing that without the active participation of the masses of the country in the national struggle that struggle cannot be carried on successfully. "Economics is the basis of political action and there is no politics without economics," as Pandit Jawaharlal says. This fact has been brought into broad relief by the world economic crisis. Can the Indian National Congress afford to ignore this vital aspect in its struggle for the freedom of the country?

### Maximum Agreement.

A reading of the resolutions of the Trade Union Congress shows that there is maximum agreement between these two great organisations both in their political and economic programmes. I presume that the Congress takes the provisions in the Fundamental Rights Resolution of the Karauli Congress as the basis of its labour programme. Babu Rajendra Prasad himself has pointed out that resolution and has asked Congressmen to work on the basis of that resolution. The demands of the Trade Union Congress in so far as they pertain to industrial labour are not far different from those assured in that resolution and whatever differences in certain particulars still exist are not such as cannot be adjusted. On the political side also the Trade Union Congress stands for the attainment of the Independence of the country and the determination of the National Constituent Assembly. Both the organisations have rejected the India Act. In the circumstances there does not seem to be any reason why these two organisations cannot come closer together and forge a common platform of political and economic action. If, therefore, Congressmen like me attached particular significance to the meeting with the leaders of the Trade Union Congress at Wardha, it was in the hope that the desirable and necessary change in the Congress method for the national struggle would be effected. I had also a personal interest in those Wardha talks with the Labour leaders. Through the columns of the "Chronicle" I have long been advocating the setting up of machinery by which the economic struggles of the working class could be linked on to the political struggle in the same way as the struggle of the peasantry are being

(Continued on page 7).

### THE HOUR-GLASS

Myself I see, holding an hour-glass in his hand, Deriving intimate omens from the trickling sand: Intent on Time's device which casually contains The world's enigma in its quietly falling grains. Myself I see, for whom the idle moments pass From 'is' to 'was' in that 'momento mori' glass; For whom the divination darkly seems to say, "I am the emblem of your phantom yesterday, I am to-morrow's journey and the eternal track Across the desert land of life where none turn back. I am the setting sun, the sun that rises red; And the white moon, silvering dim cities of the dead." —SIEGFRIED SASSOON in the "New Statesman and Nation."

# THE WORLD & ITS WAYS

## A Weekly Survey Of International Situation

By  
K. T. SHAH.

Though, technically speaking, War has not yet been declared between Italy and Abyssinia, preparations for hostilities are, according to reports, being made by both sides feverishly. Abyssinia has been buying up food and munitions—and is organising Labour corps, hospital attendants, nurses, doctors, etc. Though Japan has denied, officially, any contract having been made for the supply of arms and ammunition to Ethiopia, her relations with the swaggering Duce are such that the temptation to supply the most up-to-date means of resisting the Italian Octopus would be irresistible. Japan has no fellow-feeling, it seems, with Italy, for the latter's latest threat to follow in Japanese footsteps and leave the League. Everybody knows, despite the heavy vote in Britain in the Peace Ballot for the League, that that institution is only a convenience for the more powerful nations of Western Europe.

Not a bulwark of the weak against the strong, nor a shield and shelter for the exploited against the exploiter. Hence, if Italy now declares that she would not remain in the League—or would not abide by the decisions of Tribunals or Commissions appointed by the authority of the League. It is because she has realised that under certain contingencies the League would not toe the line to her. It is all very well to threaten the dismembered Austria, or the weak Yugoslavia,—though even in those cases, there was a modicum of risk; but to trespass on regions and principalities where the vested interests of more ancient imperialists are likely to come into conflict, if Italy were to establish her dominion, protectorate or Mandate, she would find that 'that' is a wholly different matter.

### Not A Holiday Parade

But Abyssinia does not easily cave in, at the first beat of the big drum. It is an ominous precedent, that of the Kaiser speaking of the contemptible Little Army coming to withstand his

legions in Belgium and Flanders, and treating to his lofty disdain that "Scrap of Paper," which springs to the lips as one notices the preparations of Ethiopia to fight Mussolini. She is receiving offers of aid and supplies of war material from well-inclined people in many countries. The War, if it comes, will now probably not come before September; and Italy may not then find the terrain all that could be desired for fighting a dramatic war to decisive victory. She, too, has been calling up her troops and reserves, and boasts of 9,00,000 men under arms ready. Her complete command of air and sea weapons, and the accompaniments of modern mechanised war, are said to be in proportion. So the War, if it does come, is not to be a holiday parade for Mussolini—as the Grand Monarque was reported to have had in the Low Countries 250 years ago.

### Economic Opportunity

Meanwhile, the accessories of modern war are being concerted apace. Italy has repealed the law about the gold cover to her currency,—though in fairness it must be added, that the wobble of the lira is not due entirely to the threat of hostilities. Depression has hit Italy even more than it has hit the more resourceful neighbour on the North-West. France is making Herculean efforts at economies.—Deflation,—and maintaining the present gold value of the franc. Recent telegrams have shown the strong opposition—strikes and riots—called out by these enforced economies, but even so, it may be doubted if France is out of the wood in respect of her currency. Not till October, when Parliament re-assembles at Paris, will the final verdict be possible to record for M. Laval's domestic policy.

The mail papers of last week were eloquent about the impending doom of the Swiss franc, and the gulder is still out of the danger zone. European currencies and trade, whether of the gold standard countries or of pa-

per money, are the sport of instability, and economic opportunism; and there is no current strong enough to restore them to the safe haven of stability, and normal progress.

### Roosevelt Ascendant

In the United States, the increased taxation proposals have been passed by the House of Representatives; but it may be doubted if the Senate would be equally responsive. The "Soke-the-Rich" campaign has not had such a warm welcome, as the eminent moderation with which the Roosevelt regime has put forward its measures. The economic recovery is, however, threatened from an unexpected source,—the bumper crop of cotton, which would render more than ever difficult and expensive to maintain the 12s. price. American cotton exports are falling, despite a world decline in prices, simply because other countries are producing that commodity even faster than America is able to control her supply, or expand her industry enough to absorb the new limited supply. The Farmers' Loans on this account would, therefore, needs be heavier and more difficult to maintain. The silver prices still continue to be unattractive to the silver mania of the States; and, American agency for the rehabilitation of the world currencies and exchanges is not yet to be thought of. President Roosevelt, however, still maintains his personal ascendancy; and, on the other side of the party line, there seems no comparable figure to challenge the Presidential elections against him next year. If the Roosevelt era is prolonged till 1940, a first class fight with the Judiciary is inevitable, as also a reform of the Constitution, as a condition precedent. For the moment, however, there seems to be nothing very sensational in the U. S. political firmament; and so the Administration is allowed to go on its own way without much hindrance or impediment.

vince, the stronger will be the reaction against it at the next election.

### WELCOME, BUT—

We congratulate the Indore Legislative Council on passing, by an overwhelming majority, the Municipalities Amendment Bill. The provisions of the Bill, as reported by the Associated Press, make a Municipality in the Indore State more representative and democratic than the majority of similar bodies in British India. And we do hope it will not have to wait long before it receives the assent of His Highness the Maharaja and becomes law. But there is one point that must be emphasised. The law, if it is not to remain a dead letter, should find institutional expression. That is to say the State ought to have more municipalities; otherwise what is the good of providing for democratic administration of local self-government without local self-governing bodies?

## PRESS VIEWS—

### Challenge To India's Self-Respect

The curtain has at last been rung down upon the long-drawn drama of the so-called Indian constitutional reform, with the Royal Assent having been given to the India Bill. The first act of the drama began as early as 1927 when the Royal Commission under the leadership of Sir John Simon, more popularly known as the Simon Commission, was appointed and visited India. The chorus of condemnation which the purely British personnel of the Commission received is still echoing in our ears. Ever since there has been almost the largest unanimity among all sections of Indian opinion that whatever the professions of English politicians are, the procedure adopted by the British Government in the matter of India's Reform was a challenge to India's self-respect and dealt a violent blow to her aspirations and the principle of self-determination, so often trumpeted by them in the League Councils.—"Indian Nation."



"It requires," says Sir P. S. Sivaswamy Iyer, "considerable courage to eulogise the League's (League of Nations) achievement."

But we should have thought the Indian Liberals possessed this kind of courage for this kind of eulogy in abundance—in fact enough for home and to spare for abroad.

The Aligarh Muslim University authorities have declined to take over the administration of the Muslim Girls' Intermediate College or even to make a grant of the paltry sum of Rs. 500 per month towards the expenses of the college.

But we are not surprised. The attitude is natural. How else would a certain class of Muslim "leaders" be able to go on trading on the backwardness of the Muslims?

### INDIA TO EUROPE IN 38 HOURS.

—Headline! No good. They wouldn't take even this tempting hint.

"Great Britain," says an up-country paper, "can claim to have been practising for many years past a more or less painful but effective Socialism."

More painless, we should think, than effective. But isn't this rather a left-handed compliment to the dentist?

"I am not a believer in the system of competitive examinations," said Doctor Ziauddin addressing the student of the Aligarh University.

In the next breath, so to speak, he went on to exhort students to prepare for competitive examinations, "your success in them," he said, "will not only bring credit upon you, but will also bring a good name to your alma-mater."

As ever, the absent-minded Professor!

Proceeding further, he asked them to develop their debating talents. For, he said, "You will have to form and defend Governments in the future legislatures."

Doctor Ziauddin did not seldom did with such convenient absent-mindedness in the last Assembly session, when after strongly criticising Government's Railway policy, he would stray into the official lobby at division time?

Subhas Bose wants India to withdraw from the League of Nations.

As if India had ever entered it.

### ANOTHER YEAR FOR MADRAS COUNCIL.

Simple or rigorous? Speaking at a meeting of the U. P. landlords' new "Nationalist Agriculturist Party," the Nawab of Chhatari said, this organisation should be strengthened, as it was formed on entirely non-communal lines.

And presiding at the next meeting of the Muslim Conference, we expect the worthy Nawab-cum-Zamindar-cum-ex-Governor-Muslim-leader to appeal for strengthening of that body as it was formed on entirely communal lines.

Consistency..... but never mind about consistency, as Ranga Iyer would say.

The landlords said the Nawab, must learn to stand on their own legs.

Yes, and it is time they did. The peasant is rather wearying of the burden.

"..... Reuter learns that Premier Baldwin....."

—Ourselves. Evidently the Printer's Devil thinks that Premier Baldwin is the same rrry thing as Premier MacDonald.

SIXTH CHILD FOR MUSSOLINI. IN SPITE OF ALL HIS OFFICE CARES.

A Family-Man in Every Sense.—Karachi paper headlines.

Will it bring him the sixth sense, we wonder?

Marriage, says a writer, is essential to a screen actress.

Naturally. Otherwise, how can she get a divorce.

Tenant: "You know the favour-ite who didn't win the National?" Landlord: "I am not interested in racing."

Tenant: "You should be; your rent was on it."

# Congress Must Support Struggles Of States People

## DEMAND FOR FRESH ASSURANCE

### Wardha Statement Goes Back 'On Calcutta Pledge; They Say

#### PROBLEM FOR A. I. C. C. TO DECIDE

At an emergency meeting held in its Bombay office on Sunday the Working Committee of the Indian States' People's Conference considered the recent statement of the Congress Working Committee on the question of the States and issued the following statement in reply:

Before we express our opinion on the statement of the Congress Working Committee, we desire to make one preliminary remark. The question of the Indian States came to be included in the agenda of the Congress Working Committee, as we gather from press reports, owing to the views expressed by Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, the leader of the Congress Parliamentary Party in the Legislative Assembly, in the legal advice he gave to the Princes' Chamber and in the speech that he recently made at the Mysore Bar Association, views which, in our judgment, are in flat contradiction to the general policy of the Congress and which have caused grave disquietude and concern to the States' people in general. The States' people were relieved to find that, although the Working Committee did not directly challenge these views and censure their author, it refused to give them countenance or even official cognisance by putting them on its record albeit as an individual expression of opinion.

**EFFECT LOST**

The whole effect of this salutary proceeding is, however, neutralised by the Congress President sending to the press, on his own responsibility and without a word of dissent, a letter from Mr. Bhulabhai Desai which purports to show that the views which he expressed before, either as a lawyer or as a Congress politician, "were fully consistent with the Congress policy." The States' people will only be confirmed in their misgivings and apprehension if this claim is allowed to pass unchallenged. The Congress President having agreed to serve as a channel for giving publicity to these views, it now becomes the duty of the Congress executive to examine the claim and to let the public know whether in its view the claim is sustainable. We would respectfully suggest this question being considered at the next meeting of the A. I. C. C. for a final decision of this matter. We would further suggest an opportunity being given to the States' people to put forward their point of view at this meeting, as indeed we feel that such an opportunity should have been given to them at the last meeting of the Working Committee.

**WORKING COMMITTEE'S STATEMENT**

Coming to the Working Committee's statement, we welcome it as a step in the right direction as it asserts that the people of British India and in the Indian States are one and indivisible and reiterates the pledge given by the Calcutta session of the Congress in 1923 to the States' people "of its sympathy with, and support in, their legitimate and peaceful struggle for the attainment of full responsible Government in the States." We welcome it also as it finally gives a quietus to the theory of non-interference in the internal affairs of the States.

After repeating the Calcutta pledge, however, the Working Committee, it appears, proceeds to rob it of all its significance. The States' people have always taken the pledge to mean that the Congress will extend to them not only its moral sympathy but active support in all their endeavours to secure internal reform and political freedom in the States. Surely the word "sympathy" was used in the Congress resolution referred to above with a view to widening and amplifying the meaning of the preceding word "sympathy." It is meant to connote, not merely a passive feeling of commiseration with the States' people in their sufferings or an intellectual agreement with their aims, but active participation, close co-operation and intimate collaboration in their movement. The Working Committee of the Congress has,

however, in its statement treated the expression "support" as if it were synonymous with the expression "sympathy."

**RETROGRADE DECLARATION**

The Calcutta Congress resolution does not qualify the word "support" as either active or passive, and no qualification to, or a reduction in, the content of that word could be made in our opinion by any Congress body other than the Congress itself. The statement further says that the movement for constitutional liberty in the States must be carried on by the States' people themselves, that all that Congress can do is to "exercise moral and friendly influence upon the States" and that it "has no other power under the existing circumstances." This takes the Indian people back once again to that compartmentalism in political agitation between British India and the Indian States which, we had hoped, a clear declaration of the oneness and the indivisibility of the people in the two Indias had once for all eliminated from our politics and which in any case would be an anachronism under Federation.

**CONGRESS LIMITATIONS**

The States' people fully recognise the limitations under which the Congress must work in this matter and they are actuated by a spirit of practical and comprehending realism, when they ask the Congress to assure them of its active as well as moral support. They recognise that they should hold themselves as local people, primarily responsible for conducting their movement, as, indeed, the local people whether in any State or any Province, of British India would primarily be responsible for conducting their movements in their respective local areas. The Congress has limited resources, whether in British or Indian India, and all that any one can rightly expect of it is that it shall support a legitimate movement initiated in any part of India with such resources, as it may command, at the moment. For the limitations imposed upon its activities by the limited resources at its disposal the States' people will ever be ready to make full allowance, but they urge that no other limitation should be pleaded as an excuse for inactivity on the part of the Congress in the States.

**WANTED ASSURANCE.**

Of one thing, the States' people would like to be assured, viz: that the Congress will carry on the fight in India, whether British or Indian, whenever necessary, that it will not make the fight in British India its peculiar and exclusive concern; that it will not look upon the Indian States as outside the proper scope of its activities; that it will not consider the States' people as people with whose lot they fully sympathise, but to whose succour they may not go on the plausible ground of the existence of an artificial legal barrier between British India and Indian India.

Again, however desirable a policy of isolation might have been in pre-Federation days, it would obviously be disastrous under Federation. A policy of insularity and aloofness will now be criminal. British Indians in their own interest must now come forward to share to the extent of their capacity the burden of the fight for freedom in the States as the States' people, in their own interest, must share to the extent of their capacity, the burden of the fight for freedom in British India.

To sum up, we would like the Congress to declare in unequivocal terms:

(a) That it considers itself free juridically, to carry on active political work in the Indian States.

(b) That it holds itself morally bound to carry on such work in the States as its resources will permit without any artificial distinction between the two parts of India.

(c) And that it will recognise no other limitations upon this

work than those of its restricted resources.

**REJECTION OF INDIA ACT.**

Now a word must be said of what the States' people conceive it to be the duty of the Congress towards them in respect of the new constitution, to which the last paragraph in the Congress Working Committee's statement is devoted. The statement seems to think that the States' people had asked the Congress to seek amendments in the constitution, when it was in the form of a Bill in their interest. Recognising that the Congress stood for total rejection, they have never put forward such a demand. What they have asked is, first, that among the grounds of its rejection policy the unsatisfactory character of the Bill to the States' people should be specifically mentioned and, secondly, that a promise should be given that in the constitution, which it is its ambition to draw up the defects which they find in the Bill would be removed. The Congress, as a body, it is true, has never addressed itself to the task of examining the detailed provisions of the Bill, but Congress leaders have condemned particular features of it. If this condemnation were comprehensive enough to include provisions affecting the States as well as British India, the States' people would have had no cause for complaint. But, with rare exceptions, the condemnation is almost invariably confined to the provisions affecting British India alone thus giving legitimate ground for the impression that nomination of the States' representatives in the Federal Legislature and such other features of the constitution are not matters to which the Congress takes any serious objection.

**GENUINE MISGIVINGS.**

It is not merely that Congress leaders are silent about the States' People's rights in the Federation, but the leader of the Congress Party in the Assembly has even gone to the length of urging the Princes to press for amendments in the Bill calculated to strengthen their position. It is inexplicable that the Congress discipline which precludes Congressmen from insisting upon amendments in the interests of the States' people on the ground as the Working Committee's statement puts it, that such insistence "would amount to a reversal of the Congress policy" of total rejection, but which overlooks the pleas of the Princes. Judging from the tenderness of some prominent Congress leaders towards the States' rulers, the States' people feel genuine misgivings as to what place might be assigned to them in the constitution which it is the purpose of the Congress to have drawn up. Total rejection does not mean rejection of every feature of the constitution to be set up by the new Act. Some of its features will undoubtedly have to be retained in whatever constitution comes to be adopted and the States' people fear lest among them should be included some of the features to which they have taken strong exception.

**CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY.**

If in the drafting of the future constitution the States' people were promised a due share, the question of safeguarding their interest would not arise. But while the details of the franchise on which British India's representatives are to be selected have almost been settled, the Congress has persistently refused, in spite of repeated requests, even to say whether the States' People will at all be included in the Constituent Assembly or not. The Working Committee now, as the All-India Congress Committee and the Congress itself before, has buried this simple question. It is a question to which a satisfactory answer must be forthcoming if the States' Peoples' anxieties on this score are to be relieved.

Our request to the Congress, therefore, in regard to the new constitution is that it should declare:

(a) That in the Constituent Assembly when it comes to be formed the States' People will be given representation on the same basis as the people of British India, and

(b) That if the Constituent Assembly does not come to be formed, it will not accept a federal constitution which is not acceptable to the States' People.

Finally, we would appeal to the Congress authorities to have this question of the general policy of the Congress towards the States discussed at the next meeting of the All-India Congress Committee, giving to the States' people an opportunity of bringing their point of view to its notice.

## PANIC PREVAILS IN LOHARU

### Eight Villages Evacuated Sequel To Firing Fatalities

**BHIWANI, August 12.**

With a view to considering the situation in the Loharu State, about 20 miles from here a representative meeting was held under the presidency of Rai Bahadur Chotturam M. L. C., ex-Minister of the Punjab Government. Nearly 100 refugees from Loharu attended the meeting.

**RELIEF COMMITTEE FORMED**

The meeting appointed a committee for affording relief to sufferers and entrusted it with the work of redressing the grievances of the Loharu people by legitimate means. Rai Bahadur Chotturam is its President, Rai Sahib Lalpat Rai and Mr. Thakurdass Bhargava Vice-Presidents and Thakur Charanjit Singh, President, Local Municipality, Secretary. The Committee members released Pandit Nekiram Sarma, Thakur Shispal Singh and 8 prominent local men.

Altogether 18 persons have been killed in the firing in Loharu of which the names of 10 have been ascertained and of 8 others not ascertained. Of the injured 9 have been brought to Bhiwani Hospital. 13 lodged in Loharu Hospital and the rest have fled outside the State. Three injuries lying by the roadside, have been brought to local hospital by Rai Bahadur Chotturam in his car.

**PANIC PREVAILS IN STATE**

Seventy-five persons have been arrested, including Mr. Tirkharan, a retired Lieutenant of the Indian Army, who was later released. Eight villages have been evacuated. Panic prevails in the State. The Deputy Commissioner of Hissar arrived at Bhiwani and visited the hospital and is now seeing the injured from Shinghani and other villages. He denied that the police were not allowing persons to proceed to Loharu and to bring the injured to Bhiwani.

Rai Bahadur Chotturam and other prominent persons who visited Loharu are issuing a statement on the situation.—United Press.

## REFUSED TO BE PHOTOGRAPHED

### Bengal Labour Leader Convicted

**CALCUTTA, Aug. 12**

Mr. Niharendu Dutt Majumdar, Bar-at-Law and a labour leader, already undergoing the sentence of one year's rigorous imprisonment in the Allpore Central Jail on sedition charge, was again sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment with a fine of Rs. 30, in default of a fortnight more, under section 3 of the Identification of Prisoners' Act for having refused to be photographed by a Police Officer as required under the jail code.—United Press

## HUNGER STRIKES IN BENGAL JAILS

**CALCUTTA, Aug. 12**

Replying to a question in the Bengal Council the Member in charge of jails said that the total number of prisoners who were hunger-struck during the six months ending June 30 was 41. The grievances of hunger strikers were enquired into, most of them being found frivolous, in some cases the grievances related to the concession to which on account of their classification, prisoners were not entitled.—United Press

## SE. LEGER CALLOVER

(Special Cable.)

**LONDON, Aug. 12.**

The following is the St. Leger call over:

10/11 Bahram; (wanted and evens laid).

6/1 Fieldtrial.

100/9 Fairtrial.

100/9 Halran.

100/8 Flasy.

100/6 Seasquest (all offered).

20/1 Assignment offered, 25/1 taken.

20/1 Flashbye (offered).

## HOOVER'S CHARGE-SHEET AGAINST ROOSEVELT REGIME

### Chicago Speech Is Regarded As Prelude To Bid For Office As President

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

**CHICAGO, Aug. 12.**

The speech which is regarded as a prelude to a bid for a second term of office by ex-President Hoover, who criticised President Roosevelt's administration on the grounds they were amending the constitution trampling on the liberties of the people.

"We witnessed the astounding passage of the bill," he said, to prevent citizens from having access to the courts to right the wrong.

"No matter how destructive the constitutional amendment may be, it is better if liberty committed suicide in the open, rather than be poisoned by indirect action from the nation's Capital.

## NO RELIEF TO AGRICULTURISTS

### C. P. Council Turns Down Select Committee's Proposal

**NAGPUR, Aug. 12.**

The C.P. Council Debtors Relief Bill which underwent considerable changes in the Select Committee stage was opposed by the Home Member, Mr. Rao, who said that if a law of this kind remained in force for three years which itself was no short period, it was sure to create in the mind of the creditors a feeling of insecurity leading to restriction of the movement of capital from creditors to debtors. The Bill would give a sort of moratorium.

He mentioned several Government measures taken affording relief to distressed agriculturists.

The Bill was defeated by 36 votes to 20. The House also rejected the Tenancy Amendment Bill by 30 votes to 12 which sought to change the present law to enable tenantry and malguars of the provinces to overcome the present difficulties arising from economic depression.

Government opposed both the non-official Bills.—A.P.

## MALABAR WORKER CONVICTED

### 1 Year And Fine For C. Kesavan

**QUILON, Aug. 12**

Mr. C. Kesavan charged with sedition under section 117 by the Travancore Police and committed to Sessions by the Quilon District Magistrate has been convicted by Mr. Gopal Menon, Sessions Judge and sentenced to one year's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 or six months' simple imprisonment in case the fine is not paid.—United Press.

## CONGRESS & LABOUR

(Continued from Page 6.)

Increasingly associated with the Congress movement, I was hopeful that my cry after all had not been a cry in the wilderness.

**Wanted Joint Action.**

Wardha, however, has only brought acute disappointment. The importance of the joint consultations was side-tracked, that is to say, was lost sight of. Instead of an understanding on the basis of joint action between the National Congress and the Trade Union Congress, a Labour Board has been constituted. Its terms of reference make it an ineffectual body in the sense that it is not empowered by explore the avenues for the creation of the Congress-Labour Committee of action. The body created by the Working Committee is merely a sort of reporting committee which is not concerned with the actual struggles of the working class and the participation of the Congress in it. I even understand that this body has no authority official to carry on negotiations with other Labour and Socialist groups for the framing of a united plan of action. Though individuals of the Board may have personal discussions with Labour workers or Socialists, these talks will have no official significance. Such a body seems to be superfluous in relation to the actual task before the Congress and the country. Moreover, the absence on the Committee of Congressmen who are well-known for their active Labour sympathies and who have kept themselves in active touch with the labour movement unfortunately leads to some amount of suspicion. Babu Jayaprakash Narayan would have been an asset to this Board. He had been associated with the Labour department of the All-India Congress Committee's Secretariat for a long time. In fact the Working Committee would have done well if they had only taken the Congress Socialists into confidence and enlisted their co-operation in the forging of a Labour policy for the Congress and for the creation of the joint Congress-Labour Committee of Action. I still hope that the new body created at Wardha will without delay address itself to this task and by personal contacts with the Trade Union leaders and Socialists will hasten the establishment of such a Joint Committee of Action.

# Plight Of Indians In Br. Colonies

## Andrews Condemns Disfranchisement Of Entire Fiji Population

### ILLITERACY MENACE IN GUIANA

Mr. C. F. Andrews, who arrived in Bombay on Monday, described the plight of Indians in Fiji and British Guiana, in a special interview to the "Chronicle."

"Do you think that Indians in the Fiji Islands are right in protesting against a nominated Legislative Council?"

A:—Yes. I am sorry that nomination has come in the Municipal Council of Suva. But it would be a hundred times worse to have no franchise at all in the whole of the Fiji Islands.

Q:—What is your solution?

A:—The English language test for franchise is not a fair one, because both Fijians and Indians are agriculturists and have very little use for English. On the other hand, they are rapidly becoming literate in their own languages. There are about 80,000 Indians, 84,000 Fijians and 3,000 Europeans. Let the three languages be all equal in the eyes of the law (Urdu and Hindi being counted for Indian literacy tests). Then, the more literacy advances, the more complete will be the intelligent voting power of Fiji. This is the only solution that will stand the test of the future.

"A Commissioner or a Commission ought to be sent out at once to settle this franchise question and also the land rights of Indians. Mr. Malcolm Macdonald has promised to postpone the question of the franchise for a year and, therefore, there is no time to be lost."

## IN BR. GUIANA.

Q:—Is there any other colony where Indians are in great numbers, and need our special help at the present time?

A:—Yes. British Guiana is a colony where nearly half the inhabitants are Indians. Their greatest need is that of girls' education. While the other half of the population has a very high percentage of girls' education, the Indian percentage is very low, indeed.

"This must be put right in the present generation, if our countrymen from India are not to fall behind in the race. A first rate Indian woman educationist ought to go out at the expense of the Indian Government to survey the whole question. It is probable that some one would have to go permanently from India in order to train Indian women teachers. But the first thing to be done is to survey the whole ground. British Guiana is so far away, that it is apt to fall out of sight."

"Yet there are nearly two and half lakhs of Indians there."

"The same educationist might

go to Trinidad where a similar number of Indians are in residence.

"All these people were brought out long ago, under a disgraceful indenture system. It is, therefore, of the utmost importance for India to remedy the wrong which has been done to them, as much as possible."

Mr. Andrews, is leaving for Ahmedabad to-night.

## PROBLEMS OF ZANZIBAR & KENYA

**Bombay, Monday.**

Mr. C. F. Andrews, stays in Bombay till to-morrow night when he leaves for Ahmedabad. He hopes to be able to sail on the 24th instant by s.s. "Kaiser-i-Hind." His book "India and Britain—a Moral Challenge" will receive finishing touches at London. In the course of an interview Mr. Andrews said that the condition of the Indians in Zanzibar was growing every day more distressing. He also said that he was making fuller enquiries concerning the New Marketing Legislation in Kenya Highlands and the state of Indian merchants in Abyssinia, who are now threatened by the impending calamity of War.

**ZANZIBAR AND KENYA.**

"I hope," Mr. Andrews proceeded, "that during the last days of my stay in India, I will be able to write on these subjects, and also meet the Indian leaders who may be able to deal with these questions in the Legislative Assembly and elsewhere."

He added: "The most serious consideration of all with regard to the Zanzibar and Kenya Highlands is to find out what sanctions can be exercised if the Indian rights are forcibly taken away. I am seriously considering the question of a protective duty on cloves from Zanzibar. If it is clear that flagrant racial injustice is being done to the Indian merchants on that island."

**DIFFICULT TASK.**

"With regard to Kenya Highlands, it is a difficult task to find such a direct sanction. But all the same it can be pointed out that any order in council perverting the exclusive reservation of the Highlands for Europeans would be an evasive act entirely contrary to the pledges given by the British Government in 1923."

Mr. Andrews declined to answer a question as to what he thought about the appointment as Viceroy of Lord Linlithgow whose appointment he himself speculated upon some time ago.—United Press.

## TERRITORY IN RETURN FOR LOAN & POST

### Abyssinia's Offer To Italy

**PARIS, August 11.**

The indication that Ethiopia might be willing to cede a territory to Italy in return for a loan and part has been given by the Emperor of Abyssinia to the Havas agency's correspondent at Addis Ababa.

**FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.**

The Emperor said that Government always wanted to obtain a loan to develop the country and speed up the work of civilization, while the possession of a part would also contribute to the economic development.

If these two aspirations are realised he saw no objection to ceding a part of Ogaden.

**CESSION ENVISAGED**

Against such advantages we can, in principle, envisage the cession of a portion of the territory, but numerous important details need discussion.—Reuter.

## INDIAN AVIATORS AT KARTOUM

(Special Cable.)

**KARTOUM, Aug. 12.**

Three Indian aviators have arrived here yesterday at 4 p. m. and left for Juba at eight this morning. They hope to reach Cape Town on August 16.

## BRITISH POLO SUCCESS.

(Special Cable.)

**NEW YORK, Aug. 12.**

The British Polo team defeated a selected American side by 12 goals to 7, in an opening practice match Bedminster (New Jersey). Experts consider the visiting team the finest ever sent out.

## PRAJADHIPOK'S COUSIN DEAD

### Chairman Of The Council Of Regency

**BANGKOK, August 12.**

Prince Anuvatsana, a cousin of the ex-King Prajadhipok and Chairman of the Regency Council which took over control of the country on the minor King, Anand's accession to the throne, died here to-day after a short illness.

He was formerly the ex-King's private secretary.—Reuter's Special.

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## Inter-Caste Bill PLEA FOR MODIFICATION

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle," Sir.—Dr. Bhagvan Das, M.L.A., has given notice of the bill for validation of inter-caste marriages among the Hindus. The attempt of a similar nature was made by that clear visioned and patriotic martyr Vithalshah Patel in 1918. Nowadays inter-caste marriages have become rampant but the legal disabilities stand bold as ever and these should be indubitably removed. The proposed bill aims to validate "pratiloma" marriages and this would result in breaking the shackles of castes and consolidation of the Hindu community. So far as this aim of storming the citadel of caste system is concerned, the proposed bill is highly commendable.

Smt. Hansa Mehta has well proved the superiority of the Special Marriage Act of 1923 through the columns of "The Bombay Chronicle" and she aptly thinks that "the woman who marries according to the Special Marriage Act enjoys better status and rights of succession than the woman who marries according to the Hindu Law." The considerations in support of the Special Marriage Act are many as compared with the proposed bill. One can well imagine the dire consequences which would result by the passing of the proposed bill. The position of the women would be deplorable and the bill will prove itself a retrograde measure for the emancipation of womanhood.

In the admirable words of Dr. Harising Gour "Dr. Bhagvan Das' Bill is a heroic attempt to square the circle of Hinduism without providing against its dangers." It seems doubtful as to whether the offspring of inter-caste marriages shall be allowed to inherit. The proposed bill can be subjected to many objections and hence requires to be thoroughly amended as to overcome all imminent dangers. The attitude of the Government towards social reform has never been commendable. The Government should give a helping hand to the strenuous efforts of the social reforms for "systematic overhaul of the entire system of archaic law."—Yours, etc.

KANTILAL D. KORA.

Khar, August 12.

### Why Not Release Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle," Sir.—The "United Press" understands that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Babu Subash Chandra Bose are likely to be released shortly, and the Indian Press has taken up the cue, and rightly urged for restoring them to freedom without further delay. But let us not overlook the claims of the Frontier Gandhi for an early release. He is lonely; he is losing weight; and in detaining him in jail, the authorities are widening the gulf between the rulers and the ruled on the Frontier. Both

sanity and humanity demand, that the Khan also should be released without delay.—Yours etc. B. F. BHARUCHA.

### Bombay Medical Council And Homoeopathy

To The Editor of "The Chronicle," Sir.—It is reported that the Bombay Medical Council has received a memorandum from the Allopathic doctors to make enquiries and invoke State aid in the matter of the disorganised state of the medical profession owing to the influx of "quacks" which it is alleged, has constituted a menace to the health of the citizens of Bombay and outside. If the word "quacks" includes Homoeopaths, and if the Council is of opinion that Homoeopathy is quackery or humbug, and deserves to be stamped out ruthlessly, Homoeopaths would invite it to request Government to appoint a commission consisting, not of Allopaths (the complainers), but of a neutral, High Court Judge, as the President, and three or four eminent scientists to enquire into and report on the merits and demerits of both Homoeopathy and Allopathy, by calling for evidence from each side and the public in general. If Homoeopathy is found to be not a system of medicine, and as such, is found to be a public menace, the Commission will then be justified in recommending to Government to suppress the "evil" of quackery. If on the other hand, it is found equal to Allopathy if not superior to it, as we claim it to be, let the Commission report to Government to recognize it, as a system of medicine and to arrange to teach Homoeopathy, at least as a voluntary subject in the schools and colleges as is done in America. This is the best way. I think, for the medical Council to check irregular practitioners of Homoeopathic system.

Government does not teach Homoeopathy in medical institutions, controlled by Medical Department. And when private individuals learn and practise it for the benefit of suffering mankind and even animals, nobody is justified in adding insult to injury by calling them "quacks"—simply because they have no degrees legally granted. British Medical Council has not put a ban on Homoeopathy now, though they have not taken up the cause. I think by teaching it in school and colleges who should the Bombay Medical Council be hard on homoeopaths, by prohibiting Allopathic registered practitioners from going for consultation when called by Homoeopaths? Is that medical ethics?

The Governments of Baroda and Travancore and also the Madras Government have given

State recognition to Homoeopathy. Why should not Bombay Government follow the lead? The Bombay Medical Council need not necessarily be "Allopathic" Medical Council and opposed to the medical reforms suggested by Homoeopathy.—Yours, etc., D. N. KOPPIKAR.

Aversa (Kanara) Aug. 8.

### Birth Control

To The Editor of "The Chronicle," Sir.—I belong to no party in religion or politics or medical doxy or sex-hygiene. I have carefully considered the following plausible arguments advanced by an intelligent advocate in favour of contraception:—

1. "Self-control is not only impracticable for the man in the street, but also positively harmful since the moderate use of all organs is necessary for health."

2. "The most important argument for birth-control is a woman's moral right to decide if and when she will conceive."

1. I admit that self-control is impracticable for the man in the street, and harmful to small minority; the question is what it is that has made it so.

2. I admit a woman's right to decide if and when she will conceive, but I question her moral right to succumb to animal passion and enjoy or give the enjoyment of sexual intercourse, when she does not desire conception.

I hope the contraceptionists will consider my questions and my replies to them with an open mind. It seems to me "hoping against hope," since they belong to a party, and "Opposition gives opinion strength." But, "It is better to have tried and failed, than never to have tried at all."

1. What has made self-control impracticable in many cases and positively harmful in some cases is wrong thought coupled with wrong imagination. "As a man thinks, so he becomes." And "Imagination bodies forth the forms of things unseen." Hence, "conceit can kill, conceit can cure." And conceit can make self-control impracticable and positively harmful; conceit can make it practicable and blissful. People have no idea of the case and impunity with which self-control can be exercised in the 'right' way, by means of 'right' thought and of the beatitude that follows the 'right' practice of self-control. Such being the case, we ought to teach them to think right, if we mean to do them 'real' good by leading them along the path of true life, that is immortal life of everlasting happiness. The contraceptionists work contrarily; they teach them to think wrongly, and they lead them along the path of untrue life, of mortal life, of pleasure-seeking life, devoted and dedicated to animal passion. Let us teach people to think right and live right life. Enjoying sexual intercourse with the safeguard of contraception is 'not' living 'right' life, and the thought of succumbing to animal passion and living by it is not 'right' thought. It is not the 'wrong' use of all organs that is 'right' use. Now, what is the 'right' use of the sexual organ? Its use for animal passion and sense-delight is 'not' the 'right' use of it. "All sense-delights are vain." The only right use of it is its use for conception.

2. The use of sexual organ for sense-enjoyment in the absence of desire of conception being a 'wrong' use of it, the idea of a woman's moral right to use it that way either for her own enjoyment or for that of the male who enjoys her is a wrong idea. She has no moral right to do wrong.—Yours, etc., J. K. DAJI, L.M. & S.

Hill Road, Bandra, August 7.

### Bombay Hawkers' Grievance

To The Editor of "The Chronicle," Sir.—To make a living, a hawker in Bombay has to work very hard. He has to possess a Municipal license by paying certain amount of money to the Municipality. The poor hawkers of the city in order to make a living and to save their unemployment problem are taking to hawking in the burning sun and in rain yet the municipal authorities without sympathising and assisting them as citizens are busy in cancelling their licenses and getting them fined and thus bring more misery to their lot. This being the case, it is absolutely necessary to bring to the notice of the public the injustice done to these hawkers as a whole.

I am citing a case of a particular hawker by name Ismail Karim hawking in cutlery, at Mutton Street, Nul Bazar. The hawker is a permanent license holder for the last three years and was hawking in the said area for about ten years. On the 20th July 1935 to his utter surprise he was informed by the authorities that his license has been cancelled and the reasons given are that they intend giving the license

### WOMEN GET ONE SEAT IN ASSAM ASSEMBLY

Opinions Invited On Govt's Delimitation Proposals

SHILLONG, Aug. 11. The Government of Assam have issued the proposals on the allocation of seats and delimitation of constituencies in the province and have invited public opinion thereon by the 31st August.

On the population basis Surma Valley is entitled to 22 Moslem seats whereas Assam valley is entitled to 12 seats. The Franchise Committee has recommended 13 Moslem seats for Assam valley (Surma Valley members dissenting) and 21 seats (Moslem) for Surma Valley. The Franchise Committee recommended that Sunamganj Sub-Division should have 3 general seats in the Lower House one of which would be reserved for the "scheduled castes" and that North Sylhet Sub-Division is entitled on a population basis to 1-1/2 General Seats and in view of its importance and the fact that Sylhet town is the cultural capital of the district, the local Government came to the conclusion that North Sylhet must be given 2 general seats and that the fairest way of doing this would be to take away one General Seat from Sunamganj which then be left with 2 General Seats of which one would be reserved for the "scheduled castes."

### UPPER HOUSE.

The Upper House in this province will consist of 10 General Seats, 6 Muslims and 2 Europeans.

General Seats will comprise:—Goalpara 1, Kamrup 1, Darrang 1, Nowgong 1, Sibsagar 1, Lakhimpur 1, Cachar 1, Sylhet 2, Garo Hills, K. J. Hills, Mikir Hills and North Cachar Hills 1.

The 6 Muslim Seats are divided as follows:—Goalpara-cum-Kamrup-cum-Darrang 1, Nowgong-cum-Sibsagar-cum-Lakhimpur 1, Cachar-cum-Karimganj Sub-Division 1, Sylhet 3 (less Karimganj). Opinions are invited as to whether Sylhet will form a plural number constituency or will be divided into constituencies in regard to General and Muslim Seats.

In the Lower House there will be 6 Backward seats distributed as follows:—Jowai Sub-Division (K and J. Hills) 1, Shillong 1, Garo Hills 1, Mikir Hills 1, North Cachar Hills 1.

European Seat 1 from the whole province, and 1 Indian Christian Seat.

There will be 1 seat for women. For the first election it will comprise Shillong and later on other Municipal areas.

The Muslim seats are divided as follows:—Dhubri 3, Goalpara 2, Gauhati 1, Barpeta 1, Nowgong 2, Darrang 1, Sibsagar 1, Lakhimpur 1, Silchar Sadar 1, Hallakandi 1, Sylhet Sadar 5, Karimganj 3, Habiganj 5, South Sylhet 3, and Sunamganj 4.—United Press.

### STATE PEOPLE'S CONFERENCE

Second Session To Be Held In Dhrangadhra

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD August 11. The Secretaries of the Dhrangadhra State Peoples' Conference have issued an appeal to the public for funds. It has been decided to hold the second session in Dhrangadhra, and the task of negotiating with the State authorities has been entrusted to Sjt. Mohanlal Sanghvi. The secretaries hope that the authorities will cancel deportation orders, securities etc. and bridge the gulf between the ruler and the ruled. They hope that the authorities will show a change of heart.

Simla: The Indian Police Medal has been conferred on Sub-inspector Chinnsawmi Sarma of Coimbatore district for gallantry.

to another person who has a shop. Ismail Karim has no other means of livelihood except hawking whereas the other is a well-established merchant. The Union placed this grievance before all the officers who are connected with this, up to the Municipal Commissioner, but without avail. If they choose there is ample space of 6 feet and so they can issue two licenses forthwith.—Yours, etc.,

M. A. AZAD, General Secretary, Bombay Hawkers' Union, B. I. T. Chawls, No. 8, Foras Road, Bombay 8.

### WOMEN AND UNDERGROUND WORK

Govt. Of India Propose Abolition By End Of Three Years

CALCUTTA. (By Mail) The Government of India, it is understood, contemplate the total prohibition of women from underground work with effect from July, 1936.

The subject has been regarded a controversial one; there being no unanimity over it between European and Indian mineowners. The former have been in favour of the abolition of the system, while the latter have pointed out the difficulties in the dislocation of the labour force as well as the probable unrest in case such a system is introduced.

It has since been agreed that the system of allowing women to work underground should be gradually abolished and that, by the end of July, 1939, the ultimate object be achieved by reducing the number of women workers. As a result of this policy the total number of underground women workers has come down from 38,785 in 1928 to 12,759 in 1933.

The subject was discussed at the last session of the League of Nations where also it was decided that the present system ought to be abolished all over the constituent countries of the League.

The latest proposal of the Government of India, however, hastens the period of total abolition by three years. It is understood that the Indian Mining Federation, which had raised objection when the subject was first raised, has unanimously agreed with the latest suggestion of the Government.—A.P.

### WESTERN INDIA LIFE INSURANCE CO.

#### Mr. Jaykar Unveils Mr. Chirmule's Portrait

(From A Correspondent).

Mr. M. R. Jaykar performed the opening ceremony of the new building of the Western India Life Office, Satara on Saturday, before a large and distinguished gathering of the elite of the town consisting of shareholders, policyholders, doctors, sympathisers and agents of the Company.

It marked a red-letter-day in the history of Western India, as on that occasion also took place the unveiling ceremony of the full size portrait of Mr. W. G. Chirmule, the first Managing Director (now retired) of the Company.

Mr. R. G. Soman, M.L.C., commenced the proceeding by according a hearty welcome to the audience. He eulogised the memorable services of Mr. Chirmule as one of the promoters and the first managing director and a former Chairman. He very feelingly paid tribute of honour to his illustrious predecessor, who is now enjoying his well-earned rest.

He also announced the names of the gentlemen from various parts of India who had consented to be on the advisory board of the company. He then requested Mr. Jaykar to unveil Mr. Chirmule's portrait and to declare the building open.

Mr. Jaykar's speech was punctuated with cheers when he performed these two functions and brought home to the congregation the utility of insurance in modern times and the special claims of Western India for patronage at the hands of our countrymen.

## "Grave Injustice Done To Bombay"

### "Niggardly" Allotment Of Seats By Delimitation Committee

#### CITY FATHERS DEMAND MORE ADEQUATE REPRESENTATION

The Bombay Municipal Corporation representing the Bombay City, expressed its resentment and protest against the niggardly way in which only nine seats were allotted to the City in the Provincial Assembly.

The Corporation resolved to ask the Committee appointed to prepare a strong protest to be sent to the Government requesting them to place the same before the Indian Delimitation Committee to revise the recommendations of the Provincial Delimitation Committee.

#### SECRETARY'S LETTER TO MAYOR.

The Secretary to the Government, Political Department, in a letter, dated the 8th August 1935 to the Mayor, enclosed a copy of the report of the Provincial Delimitation Committee and stated that the report was under the consideration of the Government of Bombay, and their views on the recommendations contained therein would be published shortly. He, therefore, suggested that if the Municipal Corporation wished to submit any representation to the Indian Delimitation Committee with reference to the recommendations of the Provincial Delimitation Committee, they should forward the same before the 1st of September.

#### BOMBAY'S CLAIM IGNORED.

Sir J. B. Boman-Behram moved to inform the Government that the Corporation entirely disapproved of the recommendations of the Committee so far as they affected the City of Bombay as the claims of the City of Bombay for a representation commensurate with its special importance have been completely ignored, and as the suburbs of Bombay have been tacked on to the city for the purpose of forming a unit of a general constituency and to request them to urge before the Indian Delimitation Committee the claims of the city for an adequate representation on the new Provincial Legislature for the reasons mentioned in His Worship, the Mayor's letter, dated 29th June 1935, and also the undesirability of tacking the Bombay Suburban District with Mahim Ward of the City.

Sir J. B. Boman-Behram said, Bombay was done gross and manifest injustice. He thought Government should be again approached for adequate representation for the City. He congratulated Mr. H. M. Rahimtoola for his dissenting minutes in the delimitation Committee's Report.

Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji seconded the proposition. Dr. M. C. Javie and Dr. Cursetji J. Cursetji supported the proposition.

#### "SEND IT TO COMMITTEE."

Dr. Sorab P. Mehta moved an amendment to send the matter to the committee, who drafted the first representation with a request to prepare another representation to the Government, embodying various facts to be placed before the Indian Delimitation Committee.

Prof. S. R. Datar said, Government should be asked to give importance to intellect rather than population. He gave an instance of an M.L.C. from Gujarat, who called on him the other day, and when asked as to who he was, he replied: He was a 'number' of the 'Council.' (Laughter). What he meant was, explained Prof. Datar, that "he was a member of the Council." But he was so ignorant that he could not pronounce "member" and "council," and, therefore, pronounced them as "number" and "council." Prof. Datar said, India did not want this type of legislators in the legislatures.

#### "GRAVE INJUSTICE."

Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar also thought that grave injustice was done to Bombay City. It was true that industry and commerce were given representation, but they were distinct from the city's representations.

Mrs. Malinibai Sukhtanker, on behalf of women, said there were a number of educated women in the city and yet Bombay was given privilege to return only one woman to the Assembly.

At this stage closure was moved and the amendment of Dr. Sorab P. Mehta was put to vote and carried as a substantive proposition.

The Corporation then adjourned till Thursday.

#### ALLEGED ASSAULT BY SOLDIERS ON TONGAWALA

##### Police Intervention Saves Trouble

LAHORE. (By Mail)

The Mall was the scene of a disturbance late on Friday night. A number of tongawallas, who made various allegations against a party of soldiers stood in the middle of the road and their shouts attracted a fairly big crowd of people.

A party of policemen and a magistrate, who had apparently been roused from his bed, were also seen. Later the police drove four British soldiers away in a motor car.

It is alleged that the soldiers beat a tongawalla and threw him down on the road and that this was resented by some passers-by who called the police.—A. P.

### THE OPENING CEREMONY OF THIS NEW BUILDING OF

## Western India

was performed by Bar. M. R. JAYAKAR at Satara on the 10th August, 1935



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## Glands Made Active and Youthful Vigour Restored in 24 Hours

American Doctor's Discovery Strengthens Blood, Nerves, Body, Memory, Brain, Muscles, and Endurance—Better Than Gland Operations.

Thanks to the discovery of an American Doctor, it is now possible for those who feel prematurely old, Run-down and Worn-out, to experience again the thrill of Youthful Vigour, Abundant and Vitality. This great discovery, which is a simple home treatment and can be used secretly by anyone, quickly brings a surplus of vitality and an ability to enjoy the pleasures of life. No longer is it necessary for you to suffer from Loss of Vigour and Manhood, Weak Memory and Body Nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression and Poor Sleep. Instead you merely take this simple home treatment a few days and you will find that your vigour is restored. What your vigour is restored, what your gland activity and nerve force is increased and restored. You will find youthful physical power in this discovery, which builds rich, pure blood and literally makes your body tingle with new energy and vitality. This simple home treatment is in pleasant easy-to-take tablet form and thousands who have used it say that it is far better than any other method.

### Works in 24 Hours

This new medical discovery, known as Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, has been tested by thousands in America and has achieved results that seem almost miraculous. It has conquered obstinate cases that had defied all other treatment. It has rescued the young from premature old age and debility. It has made older men as good as new. It has brought happiness beyond all price to thousands who believed that they were old, worn-out, and finished with the joys of life. And the beauty of this remarkable discovery is that it brings results so quickly. In 24 hours you can see and feel a tremendous improvement and within one week you will literally make your new man.

### Doctors Praise Vi-Tabs

Doctors in America, and in many other countries too, say that the Vi-Tabs formula is invaluable for those who are old before their time, Run-down, and Worn-out. For instance Dr. T. A. Ellis, of Canada, recently wrote: "Not only does this formula enrich the blood supply of red corpuscles, but it likewise activates the gland system. This is fol-

## Lord Zetland Renews Masani's Passport

### INTERESTING DISCUSSION IN THE LORDS

LONDON (By Air Mail). Lord Farington asked his Majesty's Government their reason for impounding the passport of Mr. M. R. Masani, an official of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, on his arrival in England. He also moved for papers.

The Marquess of Zetland, Secretary of State for India, who was to reply, was not in his place, and Earl Stanhope explained that he had been sent for. In the noble marquis's absence Earl Stanhope indicated briefly that the matter had been reconsidered by the Secretary of State in view of representations made to him, and that he was now prepared to grant Mr. Masani a passport for a year, when the matter could be further reviewed.

During the short interval before the Secretary of State arrived, Lord Ponsonby complained of the position which had arisen in connection with the business of the House, and the absence of two Ministers who should have been present to answer questions, and protested that when it was arranged for the House to meet at 3 o'clock members of the Government should be present at that time.

That Marquess of Londonderry accepted what the noble lord had said, and, apologizing for his absence, said that he had been engaged on an urgent call, and had assumed that the business of the House would permit him to remain out of the Chamber a quarter of an hour more.

POSITION REVIEWED. The Marquess of Zetland, who later entered the Chamber and apologized for his absence, said that Mr. Masani had certainly given ground for suspicion that if he was not actually a member of the Communist Party, which had been proscribed in India, he had been very closely associated with members of that party, and his actions had been such as to suggest that he realized that his activities had left him open to considerable suspicion.

On one occasion at a meeting of Congress in India Mr. Masani moved an amendment against a proposal of Mr. Gandhi, who was in favour of non-violence, in favour of violence in the event of Mr. Gandhi's non-violent proposals proving to have been unsatisfactory from his point of view. A man who did that at once laid himself open to the suspicion that he was entertaining in his mind

intentions to endeavour to subvert the Government by a violent movement.

It had been suggested to him since then that too much attention should not be paid to a thing of that kind; that at meetings in this country, and particularly at meetings of debating societies of undergraduates, motions of that sort were sometimes moved without any such intent. In all the circumstances, if Lord Farington could assure him—and he was prepared to discuss the matter with him—that Mr. Masani was not a member of the Communist Party, he would be prepared to recommend that Mr. Masani should be given a renewal of his passport for a specified period.

AN OFFER ACCEPTED. Lord Farington said that he was delighted to accept the offer. Mr. Masani had no connexion whatever with the Communist Party. He belonged to parties definitely abused by the Communist Party.

Lord Rayner said that he was concerned to think that because a man was a member of the Communist Party that was a sufficient reason to exclude him from our shores.

The Marquess of Zetland—He is not excluded. He is here now. Lord Marley said that he did not know much about the Communist Party, but the ordinary member believed in a change of government by peaceful means, but the change was so far-reaching that those who were going to be changed would resist by violence, and so he would be compelled to fight to put forward his belief. (Laughter.)

The Lord Chancellor said that he did know a little about the Communist Party because it was his privilege to prosecute them 10 years ago. He then proved to the satisfaction of a jury that the Communists held quite different views from those Lord Marley now attributed to them, that they did intend to overthrow by violence and unconstitutional means the form of government lawfully constituted, and that therefore they were engaged in a criminal conspiracy.

Lord Marley said that he had not the advantage of the age of the Lord Chancellor, but what ever might have been the case 10 years ago it was not the case today.

The motion was, by leave, withdrawn.

## Inadequate Relief To Quetta Refugees

(Continued from Page 12.)

different non-official committees, which were set up for the purpose in the various towns in Sind. They also bore the expenses of the camps that were established in Karachi and elsewhere for the Quetta refugees. Even the cost of providing food and medicines to

the refugees in the Government hospitals was incurred by the non-official agencies. That is so far as the temporary relief is concerned.

The Quetta Central Relief Committee have until date distributed about Rs. 40,000 in temporary and permanent relief in the different districts of Sind. According to their scheme of relief, the amounts distributed to the sufferers vary with their requirements and mode of life, etc. The maximum that is given in a single case being Rs. 250.

The artisans and workmen have been provided with tools and implements and a good number of shopkeepers has been set up in trade and wherever necessary, they are given cash and other necessities.

These refugees who desired to proceed to their homes have been supplied with their fares and ten rupees per person extra, the Memon Relief Committee sharing half of the railway expenses in all such cases.

### Need for Explanation

Although the Quetta Central Relief Committee have at their disposal funds amounting only to a little over two lacs as compared to over 32 lacs of the Viceroy's Relief Fund, yet its disbursements in the matter of relief have been much more generous than those of the Viceroy's Committee. The public have a right to expect an explanation from the Government as to why the Viceroy's Committee has given such miserable amounts in relief and what they propose to do with the balance of the funds at their disposal.

From the account of the help so far given, it will be seen that there is yet an enormous amount of relief to be distributed to the sufferers. There is still a large number of people who will require considerable grants to set them up in life. Some others will need advances as loans to start their business. Many of them require maintenance allowance until their property is salvaged or they are able to stand on their own legs. There is a number of widows with or without children



Sir Deva Prasad Sarvadhikari whose death took place in Calcutta.

### MIRPUR-KHAS FORGES AHEAD

Dist. Local Board's Useful Activities

(From Our Correspondent). MIRPUR-KHAS, August 10. After a lapse of seven years, I visited Mirpur-Khas, the capital of Thar-Parker District. It is one of the richest districts from the agricultural point of view. Recently the silver jubilee celebrations, were celebrated and the zamindars contributed as much as Rs. 30,000 towards the celebrations fund. The town has undergone a number of changes; it is now looking a cleaner town. Electricity has been introduced. Roads, owned by both Municipalities and Local Board are being kept well. Many public buildings have been constructed and also bungalows and offices of engineers of the Public Works Department District Local Board offices, Civil hospitals, etc.

DISTRICT LOCAL BOARD. The District Local Board here is doing useful work in many directions, such as improvements in dispensaries, schools, roads, agricultural lands, etc. K. B. Gulam Nabi Bux Shah is the president of the District Local Board. The District Local Board is contributing Rs.10,000 for a special wing to the Civil Hospital for patients, who suffer from eye diseases.

HENDERSON EYE ASSOCIATION. The Henderson Eye Association was started some years ago by Mr. Henderson, then Collector of Thar-Parker. It has done useful work not only in the District of Thar-Parker, but all over Sind, as well as in some of the parts of the presidency even, viz. Bijapur. It gives relief to patients suffering from eye troubles. Dr. Sachanand is in charge of it. It would lead to greater usefulness if Social Service Leagues and such other associations co-operated with this Association. Mr. Sharpley, the Collector of this place, is the President.

The Agricultural Department is running a Fruit Farm here. At this farm, experiments are carried on as regards fruit, cotton, etc.

### CHESS WITH LIVING FIGURES

The North Bavarian town of Kulmbach, famous for the strong brand of beer brewed there and named after the town, is celebrating its 900th anniversary this year. The celebrations began on May 26 with an exhibition of Franco-German art. On June 29 and 30 Haydn's oratorio "The Creation" was produced.

From July 27—August 4, human beings dressed as chessmen played a picturesque game of chess in the courtyard of the 800 year old Plassenburg castle at Kulmbach.

### THREE KILLED IN LANDSLIDE

SIMLA, August 10. There has been rainfall here for the last three days causing damage to several buildings and roads.

A landslide occurred last night in Junga State beyond Billole-ganj and the house of a milkman was buried under debris. Dead bodies of the milkman, his wife and a guest have been extricated to-day, besides those of cows and buffaloes.—A. P.

### Normal Traffic Resumed

LAHORE August, 12. The normal booking of passengers and their personal luggage has been resumed between Pathankot and Jalandhar. Parcel and goods traffic is still restricted till further notice.—United Press.

Uissa and Julia, two school mistresses have been found guilty under Section 309, I.P.C. for attempting to commit suicide in the Telukheri Tank, by Mr. Habbib Rahman, Magistrate, Second Class, Nagpur but the Magistrate has recommended that they should be given the benefit of Section 562 (first offender) and acquitted.

### MONSOON ACTIVE IN C. P. AND MALABAR

Heavy Rainfall Expected In Bengal Bihar And Chota Nagpur

POONA, August 12. Monsoon has been strong in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, east United Provinces, east and north Punjab, and hills of West United Provinces and active in east Central Provinces and Malabar. The rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, east United Provinces and Malabar and local in Upper Burma, Bihar, west United Provinces, Central India, east Central India, east Central Provinces, east and north Punjab while a few falls have occurred in Orissa, west Central Provinces, south-west Punjab, Kashmir, east Rajputana, Gujarat, Konkan, south-east Madras, and north Madras coast.

Chief amounts of rainfall. Tavoy four inches, Maymyo three, Myitkina two, Amherst, and Bhamo one and a half each. Hazaribagh eight, Naya Dumka and Cherrapunji five each, Gaya four, Jalpaiguri and Ranchi three each, Barisal, Barhampur, Dhurki, Bogra and Shillong two each, Tezpur, Chittagang, Mymensing, Purnea, Cox Bazar, Narayanganj and Darjeeling one and a half each, Jessore, Daltonganj, and Sambalpur one each, Mussooree three, Gorakhpur, Bahraich and Ralpur two each, Benares, Pachmarhi and Hoshangbad one each, Ludhiana four, Rawalpindi one and a half, Mahabaleswar two, Mangalore and Calicut one each. Forecast. Rainfall will decrease in Assam and continue to be widespread in Burma, Bengal Chota Nagpur, Bihar, east United Provinces and east and north Punjab and extend in west United Provinces, and Central India.

Heavy rainfall warning. Locally heavy rainfall will continue in Chota Nagpur, Bihar, North Bengal and submontane districts of the United Provinces and Punjab during the next thirty-six hours.—A. P.

### RAINFALL REPORT

The following table shows the rainfall during the 24 hours ending 8 a. m. to-day:—

| Station               | 24 hours ending 8 a. m. to-day | For the month ending 8 a. m. to-day | For the year ending 8 a. m. to-day |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Colaba                | 0.01                           | 52.87                               | 60.28                              |
| St. George's Hospital | 0.30                           | 84.38                               | 77.98                              |
| J. J. Hospital        | 0.07                           | 65.14                               | 66.23                              |
| Matunga               | 0.08                           | 62.61                               | 66.77                              |
| Departure from Normal | +4.44                          |                                     |                                    |

### COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a. m. of 12-8-1935.  
Change of 8 a. m. barometer in past 24 hours —0.11 inches.  
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 80.0 degrees.  
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a. m. 76.5 degrees.  
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 85.7 degrees 0.8 (above normal).  
Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.9 degrees 1.0 (above normal).  
Relative Humidity at 8 a. m. 85 p.c.  
Direction of wind at 8 a. m. WSW  
Velocity of wind at 8 a. m. 16 miles per hour.  
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 306 miles.  
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 31 miles per hour.  
Extent of cloud at 8 a. m. (the whole sky cloudy c. 10) 10.  
Rain in 24 hours 0.01 inches.  
Total rainfall during the month 1.18 inches.  
Weather Remarks.—Rain.

### OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 12-8-35

At 8.7 a. m. local time (8.46 a. m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.9 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.01 inches and a compensated anemoid 29.80 inches.  
For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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Do you realize the risk you run when you use an inferior insecticide—an insecticide that kills some insects and lets others escape? Each fly that gets away may be the very one that will bring dreaded typhoid fever—or some other fatal disease—into your home. Take no chances. For safety's sake, be sure you get FLIT. FLIT really kills insects—and they stay dead! FLIT spray does not stain. Always insist on getting the yellow tin with the soldier and black band. To guarantee you against fraudulent refilling, the FLIT tin is sealed for your protection.

Sprinkle FLIT POWDER. FLIT Powder kills ants, cockroaches, bugs, lice, and other crawling insects—kills fleas on dogs—protects your clothing from moths.

Sole Distributors:—Herbert, Son & Co., Ltd., Post Box 431, BOMBAY.

### PRICE OF CAUTION

BRISTOL, Conn.—(By Mail). A caution light showed on the police traffic beacon, so Wilfred Jacques stopped his automobile and patiently waited for it to turn green.

A policeman, making his rounds, observed the car parked in the middle of the road and went on his way. Returning some time later and finding the machine still waiting under the light, he strode over to the driver and told him it would be four hours before the light changed.

Jacques thanked him and as he did the officer got a whiff of his breath and arrested him for drunken driving. The incident costs Jacques dol 50.

### NARROW ESCAPE FROM DROWNING

SHEIKHUPURA, Aug. 9. Half a dozen excise officers and fourteen police officers and foot constables had a narrow escape from drowning when the bus in which they were returning during the week end and after carrying out an excise raid skidded, went down an embankment and came to rest there, stuck, deep into the mud.

The party, it is reported, had been to village. Sukhum and there arrested some persons distilling illicit liquor. Besides some bottles of liquor, the party took possession of the apparatus used in its manufacture.—A. P.

# Latest Commercial News

## NEW YORK COTTON 15 POINTS DOWN

### Increasing Hedge Selling And Bull Liquidation

### GOLD UNCHANGED BUT SILVER SLIGHTLY EASY

### Grains Quiet And Jute Dull But Tin Weak

On Monday cross rates moved further upward.  
NEW YORK COTTON EASY  
New York cotton was easy on increasing hedge selling in the absence of any loan announcement. Crop reports were favourable.  
BILLION QUIET  
London gold was unchanged but silver was slightly easy. The tone was quiet.  
WHEAT QUIET AND LINSEED EASY  
Wheat ruled quiet and linseed was easy.  
JUTE DULL AND TIN WEAK  
Jute was dull. Tin was weak but rubber was steady.  
GILTEDGED SECURITIES STEADY  
The London Stock Exchange displayed somewhat better sentiment due to improved enquiry. Gilt-edged securities kept very steady but business was rather quiet.

## COTTON

### LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

| (OCTOBER 1935)   | New York, Aug 12 |
|------------------|------------------|
| Previous closing | 11.22            |
| Today's opening  | 11.11            |
| Difference       | -11              |
| Today's closing  | 11.07            |
| Difference       | -15              |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

| (OCTOBER 1935)   | Liverpool, Aug 12 |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Previous closing | 6.03              |
| Today's opening  | 5.99              |
| Difference       | -4                |
| Today's closing  | 5.97              |
| Difference       | -6                |

### BIRACI EXPECTATION

New April May Rs. 203-5

### NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

The absence of any loan announcement resulted in increasing hedge selling with favourable crop accounting for a further accelerating fall. The market lacked support entirely and prices declined under a good deal of selling orders.  
Trading in October commenced at 11.11 i.e. 11 points lower than previous closing. Prices eased on lower Liverpool advices and hedge selling with the price sinking to 11.07 due to continued hedge selling and liquidation. At this level some steadiness developed but the demand was slow.  
New York cotton finally closed at 11.07 with a decline of 15 points.

### NEW YORK COTTON

The following were the opening ranges:  
October (11.22/11.25) 11.11/11.09  
November (11.11/11.14) 10.99/10.98  
January (11.06/11.09) 10.94/10.94

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

The following were the rates at 12.15 p.m.  
American October (6.03) 5.97  
American December (5.92) 5.86  
Egyptian October (7.77) 7.75  
Egyptian November (7.78) 7.74

### BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Aug 12  
Broach April May fluctuated between Rs. 203-4 and Rs. 205-12 at night. The rate at 10-20 p.m. was Rs. 203-4 with New York futures about 15 points down. Broach old July August was Rs. 18 higher.

### JUTE SHARES

### UNCHANGED

### Coals Steady & Teas Dull

CALCUTTA, Aug. 12.  
In Jutes not much business resulted and rates ruled almost the same as Saturday. In coals the undertone continued steady but business was reported on a small scale. Teas were dull. In miscellaneous section sugars and electricals kept fairly steady while others were unchanged. Government Securities were steady. The following were the closing quotations:  
Government Securities: 3 per cent Government Paper 87 1/4 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 94 1/2; 3 per cent New Loan 1931/54 97 3/4; 3 1/2 per cent Loan 1947/50 103 1/4; 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 107 1/2; 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 118 1/2; 5 per cent Loan 1940/43 109 1/2.  
Banks: Imperial fully paid 1310; Reserve Bank 128 1/2.  
Railways: Bukhtiarpur Bihar 67; Ho-chairpur Doab Branch 32.  
Coals: Barrakur 12 1/4; Barrakur pref 130; New Manbhoom 60 1/2 small lots; Pench Valley 36 1/8 small lots.  
Jutes: Anglo India 46 1/8 small lots;

## COMMODITIES

### LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Aug 12  
Liverpool wheat opened steady with October at 82 1/4 and December 82. The market lacked interest with traders awaiting developments in foreign crop situation.

### CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Aug 12  
Chicago wheat opened steady with September at 89 5/8. Prices improved on commission house buying and outside enquiry.

### LONDON MARKET

London, Aug 12  
The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

### METALS

Tin (2228 buyers 2231 sellers. Weak) 2223 1/2 buyers 2224 sellers. Weak  
Lined (215 1/2 buyers 215 9/16 sellers. Barely steady) unquoted  
Electrolytic Copper (235 3/8 235 1/2) 235 1/4 to 235 3/4  
Glasgow Iron (470) 470

### TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-9) 0-9  
Indian Pekoe higher (1-7) 1-7  
Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 1/2) 0-10 1/2  
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-8) 1-8

### SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Aug 12  
The following cable information was received from London to-night:  
"America bought India and China sold. Market quiet."

### JUTE

August September New Crop (217 7/8 paid and sellers) 217 3/4 sellers  
Dunlop August (222 1/2) 222 1/2  
Lightning August (220 1/2) 220 1/2

### RUBBER

Spot (5 3/4 buyer) 5 13/16 paid and sellers  
Forward (5 7/8 paid and buyers) 5 15/16 paid and sellers

### LINSEED

Bombay August September (211 15/16 sellers) 211 13/16 sellers  
Bombay August September (211 11/16 sellers) 211 11/16 sellers  
Linseed La Plata August (29 1/2 sellers) 29 7/16 sellers  
Groundnut Coromandel September (214 11/16 sellers) 214 5/8 sellers

### BROWN BOLD LINSEED

September Delivery.  
(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, Aug 12  
Rates at 9-0 a.m. 6 9 9  
Rates at 12-0 noon 6 9 6  
Rates at 3-30 p.m. payment  
Rates at 5-30 p.m. 6 9 3  
Rates at 6-0 p.m. 6 9 3  
Rates at 8-0 p.m. 6 9 3  
Rates at 10-0 p.m. 6 9 0

### WHEAT AND LINSEED

### Closing Quotations

Bombay, Aug 12  
Wheat September 4 2 0  
Wheat May 4 6 9  
Linseed September 6 9 6  
Linseed May 6 14 3  
The tone was steady.

### DISTRIBUTION ROCK UPON WHICH COTTON CORNERS FOUNDED

BOMBAY, Aug. 12  
The following cotton review is received by air mail from Messrs E. J. Schwaback and Co. together with editorial from the Journal of Commerce of July 26th.

"The existence of a corner in the cotton supply of American cotton has been officially announced by Oscar Johnston, manager of the Government's cotton Producers' Pool Mr. Johnston proves his contention in quite convincing fashion.  
The Government now controls 5,000,000 bales of spot cotton, all certificated stocks of the staple and about 1,000,000 bales of long futures in New York and New Orleans. These holdings cover about all that is left of the world's supply of American cotton still available in market channels. Since the new crop does not move in any large volume until about the middle of September there looms ahead a six weeks' period in which mills that find existing relatively small stocks inadequate will have to pay the price of 123 cent a pound insisted upon by the Government, or close down.  
LOAN EXTENSION  
Mr. Johnston favours the extension for the new crop year of a loan of 12 cent a pound on New crop cotton. Then, he feels, his corner could be extended for another year at least.  
As any student of speculative

## Industrial International And Oil Shares Firm

### LIVERPOOL COTTON EASIER ON EASTERN SELLING

### Sharp Decline In Tin Due To Quota Decision

(SPECIAL CABLE)  
LONDON, August 12  
On the Stock Exchange with the opening of the new account interest broadened and although holiday season continued to check the volume of business, the general tone was good.  
Industrials particularly strengthened whilst international and oils responded to higher week-end Wall Street advices.  
In commodities, wheat was dull pending Canadian bureau. Cotton was easier on eastern selling. Tin declined sharply following the quota decision. Wall Street opened strong and very active but later succumbed to profit-taking.

### INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Aug 12  
The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at 290

### PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES

Thursday, August 1, 298  
Friday, August 2, 298 1/4  
Tuesday, August 7, 298 1/4  
Wednesday, August 8, 298 3/4  
Friday, August 9, 299

### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Aug 12  
3-30 p.m.  
The general tone was good but the chief interest centred in Industrials generally with some good features. International and oil shares were strong and active on Wall Street advices. Gilt-edged were quiet but firm.

### BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (287) 287  
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (2108 3/4) 2109 1/4  
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (211 7/8) 211 7/8  
4 per cent Funding Loan (2119 3/8) 2119 3/8  
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (2107 1/8) 2107 1/8  
4 per cent Victory Bonds (2117 7/8) 2117 7/8

### INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (23-9) 24-0  
Marks and Spencer Spills share (4 3/8) 4 7/8  
Electric (dol 4 1/8) dol 4 5/8  
Musical Industries (26-0) 27 1/2  
Prinching Johnson (44-0) 44-0  
Imperial Chemical (35-0) 35-0  
Imperial Chemical Ord (8-7 1/2) 8-7 1/2  
Woolworth New Ford (114-7 1/2) 115-0  
Realisation 1930 (277) 279  
Dunlop Rubber (43-10 1/2) 44-6  
University Ordinary (30-6) 30-6  
Ford Motors (36-3) 36-3  
Cable Wires (47 1/2) 47 3/4  
British American Tobacco (122-6) 122-6  
Camera A (28 3/8) 28 3/8  
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (145-0) 145-0  
P and O S N Company Defd (19-3) 19-7 1/2  
Distillers (93-0) 93-6  
Bred and Dyers (8-9) 9-0  
British Celanese (14-10 1/2) 15-1 1/2  
J and P Coates Ordinary (65-0) 65-0  
Courtauld's Ordinary (56-9) 56-9  
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-9) 7-0  
Western Limited Ordinary (15-0) 16-9  
Inter Nickels (228 1/2) 228 1/2  
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-0) 5-0  
Tata Iron and Steel (2103 1/2) 2103 1/2

### STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON  
Mongolia 16-8 P & O S N Co.  
Comorin 15-8, M. M. & Co.  
Burdwan, 16-8, M. M. & Co.  
FROM LIVERPOOL  
City of Baroda 18-8 Killick Nixon & Co.  
Clan Ogilvy 24-8 J Finlay & Co.

### FROM HULL

City of Kobe 15-8, James Finlay and Co.  
FROM BASRA  
Barpeta 15-8, M. M. & Co.  
FROM GENOA  
General Pellet 10-8, Lloyd Trieste.

### FROM HAMBURG

Neuenfels 21-3 L Edwards.  
FROM KOBE  
Maybashi Maru, 15-8, N Y Kaisha.  
Atlantic Maru, 19-8, O S Kaisha.  
Lusbon Maru, 23-8, N Y Kaisha.  
Iwatesan Maru, 24-8, O S Kaisha.  
Gunyo Maru, 30-8, N Y Kaisha.  
Rawalpindi 9-8 M M and Co.  
Mirzapore 12-8, M M & Co.  
Jeypore 20-8 M M & Co.

### FROM RANGOON

Goalpara 14-8, M. M. & Co.  
Strovin 16-8 Scindia S N Co.  
FROM JAVA  
Col-di-Lana, 15-8, Lloyd Trieste.

### SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON  
Mooltan, 17-8, P and O S N Co.  
Kalsar-i-Hind, 24-8, P and O S N Co.  
FOR NEW YORK  
Pres Adams 23-8 F F Campbell & Co.  
City of Corinth 28-8 F F Campbell & Co.  
FOR BASRA  
Bankura 14-8, M. M. & Co.  
Varela 15-8, M. M. & Co.  
Barpeta 21-8, M. M. & Co.  
Vasna, 22-8, M. M. & Co.

### INDIAN LOANS

London, Aug 12  
3 per cent New Indian Loan (290 1/8) 290  
3 1/2 per cent Indian (298) 299  
4 1/2 per cent Indian (298 3/4) 299 1/4  
4 1/2 per cent 1928/29 (2117) 2117  
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (2108 1/2) 2108 1/2  
5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (2115 1/2) 2115 1/2  
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-58 (2105 1/2) 2105 1/2

### AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan (2111) 2111

### TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9  
Donoro Tea (41-3) 41-3  
Empire of India and Ceylon (30-0) 30-0

### JUTE SHARES

Bangalore (212 1/2) 212 1/2

### RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (22-0) 22-0  
Gula Kelampayan (21-3) 21-3  
Rubber Planting (29-9) 29-9

### MINING SHARES

Nandya (38-9) 38-9  
Burmah Corporation (10-4 1/2) 10-4 1/2  
Rio Tinto (215 3/8) 217  
East Rand Proprietors (35-0) 35-0  
Rand Mines (160-0) 160-0

### MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (275-0) 275-0  
Goldar New (210-0) 210-0  
Modder New (75-0) 75-0  
Sishu Nigal (261-3) 261-3  
Spring Mines Split Shares (41-4 1/2) 41-4 1/2  
Union Corporation (167-6) 167-6

### OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (41-10 1/2) 41-10 1/2  
Anglo Iranian (66-3) 67-6  
Burmah Oil (78-6) 83-9  
Mexican Eagle (5-3) 5-4 1/2  
Shell Transport (75-9) 75-7 1/2  
Royal Dutch (36-3/4) 37 1/8

### HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (250) 250 1/4 Ex Div  
L M Exd (221) 221  
L N E R Defd (25 3/4) 25 3/4  
Southern Dutch (22 7/8) 22 1/4  
London Paris 5 per cent (2134 3/4) 2134 3/4  
London Board G Stock (208) 208

### NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

The following were the opening rates:  
General Motor (dol 45) dol 45 1/4  
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 17 1/4) dol 17 1/4  
U S Steel Common (dol 43 1/2) dol 44 1/2  
U S Steel Preference (dol 100 7/8) dol 102 1/2

### MALAVIYA'S SISTER PASSES AWAY

But Panditji Unable To  
Attend Funeral Due  
To Fever  
BENARES, August 11  
Information has been received here to the effect that Pandit Malaviya's eldest sister, Subhadra Devi, passed away at Prayag on the evening of the 9th August.

Subhadra Devi was three years older than Pandit Malaviya and became widow at the age of 18. Ever since she used to live at Allahabad at her father's house. She was a very pious lady.  
Pandit Malaviya could not go to Prayag to join the funeral ceremony of his revered sister as he was suffering from fever.—United Press.

### STORM OF PROTEST

The ethics of business men long ago have classified corners among questionable and improper operations. Having in effect,

## SHIPPING NEWS

### Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS  
Bombay, Aug. 12.  
S.S. Skuld, Capt. R. Mathassel, Agents F F Campbell & Co., from Bangkok via Colombo.  
S.S. Jalaputra, Capt. G S McWilliams, Agents Scindia Steam N Co., from Bassein via Coast Ports.  
S.S. Gazana, Capt. C L Hazeldene, Agents M M & Co., from Bassein via Marmagaoa.  
DEPARTURES  
Bombay, Aug. 12.  
S.S. City of Christchurch Capt A W. Wooster, Agents Killick Nixon & Co. for Bhavnagar and Karachi.  
LOADING  
S.S. Bahadur for Surabaya via Tuticorin.  
S.S. Murzapore for China Japan Ports via Colombo.

### ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Aug. 12.  
10/Christ Church, 3753 Bhavnagar, 12/8, K. Nixon and Co.  
3 Mantal Maru 4259 Karachi 14/8 O S Kaisha.  
4 Wartenfels 3766 Karachi 15/8 L Edwards Ltd.  
7 Elysia, 4211, Bhavnagar, 17/8, Grahams Trading Co.  
11 Potter 3851 New York 14/8 L Edwards Ltd.  
13 Takiwa 3742 Durbani 21-8 M M & Co.  
15 Clan Ranald, 3379, Hull, 15-8, J. Finlay and Co.

### VICTORIA DOCK

3 Bankura, 1896, Basra, 14-8, M. M. and Co.  
4 Varela 1926, Basra, 11-8 M. M. & Co.  
9 Skull 649, Bangkok NF F F and Co.  
14 Lalita 283 M Coast NF Malabar Steamship Co.  
16 Schooner Dolphin 120, N F, N F S Tarnahomed & Co.

### PRINCES DOCK

A Gazana 3191 NF NF M M & Co.  
C/F Jalaputra 3113 NF NF Scindia S N Co.  
D/E Jalavijaya, 2297, NF, NF, Scindia S. N. Co.  
F. Jehangir, 2157, Jeddah, 15/8, T. Morrison and Co.  
G Sophie Marie, 677, M. Coast, 13/8, Merchant S. N. Co.  
K Saraswati 443, NF, NF, B. S. N. & Co.  
Q Indira, 278 M Coast NF Malabar S. N. Co.  
M Howra, 4096, N F, N F, M M & Co.

### STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON  
Mongolia 16-8 P & O S N Co.  
Comorin 15-8, M. M. & Co.  
Burdwan, 16-8, M. M. & Co.  
FROM LIVERPOOL  
City of Baroda 18-8 Killick Nixon & Co.  
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Lusbon Maru, 23-8, N Y Kaisha.  
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Gunyo Maru, 30-8, N Y Kaisha.  
Rawalpindi 9-8 M M and Co.  
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Jeypore 20-8 M M & Co.

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Kalsar-i-Hind, 24-8, P and O S N Co.  
FOR NEW YORK  
Pres Adams 23-8 F F Campbell & Co.  
City of Corinth 28-8 F F Campbell & Co.

### FOR BASRA

Bankura 14-8, M. M. & Co.  
Varela 15-8, M. M. & Co.  
Barpeta 21-8, M. M. & Co.  
Vasna, 22-8, M. M. & Co.

### FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde, 20-8 L Trieste.  
FOR JEDDAH.  
Jehangir, 15-8, Turne. Morrison & Co.

### FOR KOBE

Mantal Maru, 22-8, O. S. Kaisha.  
Argun Maru, 28-8, O. S. Kaisha.  
Tango Maru 10-8 N Y Kaisha.  
Choko Maru 11-8 O S Kaisha.  
FOR DUBAI.  
Takiwa 21-8, M. M. & Co.  
FOR SYDNEY.  
Comorin 15-8, M. M. & Co.

### GENERAL LANDING DATES

Ranpara (boats), 9/8/35.  
Warfield 10/8/35.  
Jalavijaya 10/8/35.  
Kalavati 10/8/35.  
Varela 10/8/35.  
Irrawadi 12/8/35.

### EXPORTS

Bombay, Aug. 12.  
S.S. Elysea for Barcelona—175 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 80 bales cotton clean waste Eastern Trading Agency; 2101 bags oil seed R. Ratilal & Co; 30 bales vegetable fibre M Nissim; 25 bales cotton raw Italian Cotton Co.  
For Liverpool—45 bales cotton fly V A Save; 55 bales cotton fly V A Save; 55 bales cotton waste G Kasambhai; 50 bales cotton waste G D Vora & Co; 193 bales bags buffalo pickers G Kasambhai.  
For Manchester—165 drums castor oil The Gujarat Oil Mills; 195 drums castor oil Wilson Latham & Co; 50 bales cotton fly G D Vora & Co.

For Glasgow—984 bags gr. oil cake K Prasad & Co.  
For Marseilles—115 bags mustard seed H Khilarn.  
For New York—250 bags ground nut oil cake K Prasad & Co.  
S.S. Wartenfels for Hamburg—160 bales cotton fly Indian Produce Export Co; 2000 packets myrabolans C Jivanlal & Co.  
S.S. Clan Ronald for Antwerp—100 bales hemp M Nissim.  
S.S. S. Kuld for Philadelphia—100 bales wool raw C Lister & Co.  
For Brisbane—25 bags myrabolans H Bhagwandas & Co.  
S.S. Mirzapore for Kobe—437 bales cotton raw S Karamshi & Co.

S.S. Mautine Maru for Maji—150 tons iron scrap C Manilal & Co.  
For Osaka—150 bales plate chipping Faiz & Co.

Bombay, Aug. 12.  
S.S. Jalomohan from Calcutta—5124 bags rice; 160 cases medicines; 75 bales twines; 32 chests tea; 2500 bags cotton seed; 95 bales bgs; 28 bales cannabis.  
S.S.

## Kohinoor Mill Shares

## In Demand

## Steel Shares Easy On Liquidation

## SOME SUPPORT AND COVERING TOWARDS CLOSE

Local Share Bazar opened steady to-day under scattered buying, but as the demand was satisfied, prices assumed declining tendency on liquidation and selling buyers' jobs. Later on towards the close some covering by shorts but the undertone of the market was quiet. Speculative markets, sentiment pays on important part in price movement and facts remain ignored. There is utter absence of any speculative and prices are fluctuating irregularly within a narrow limit on buying and selling of ring traders.

Reports of merger of cement factories and steady investment demand for Hydro-Electric shares failed to stimulate any speculative enquiry. Tata Steel Ltd. shares opened at Rs. 610 and after declining to Rs. 595 improved to Rs. 603 1/2. Ordinary shares closed at Rs. 142 1/2. Tata Power shares were weak during the middle of the session but rallied towards the close. Bombay Burma and Belapur were fairly steady. Katni Dfids. were done at Rs. 2160. Among mills there was some selling in Bombay Dyeing shares but better support resulted in a rally towards the close. There was more enquiry for Kohinoor shares. Cement shares were fairly steady.

## TEXTILE MILLS

| Bombay, Aug. 12.  |        |
|-------------------|--------|
| 100 Ahm. Advance  | 285 0  |
| 250 Bombay Dyeing | 707 3  |
| 100 Bradbury      | 100 0  |
| 100 Century       | 231 4  |
| 100 Central India | 277 8  |
| 100 Colaba        | 128 12 |
| 100 Coorla        | 95 0   |
| 250 David         | 60 0   |
| 250 Dawn          | 360 0  |
| 1 E D Sassoon     | 0 3    |
| 100 Finlay        | 101 4  |
| 100 Gokak         | 188 2  |
| 100 Hindustan     | 1655 0 |
| 100 Indore        | 66 4   |
| 50 Kastoorchand   | 0 0    |
| 100 Khatau        | 72 8   |
| 100 Kohinoor      | 198 2  |
| 250 Laxmi         | 660 0  |
| 100 Madhavji      | 8 0    |
| 250 Madras United | 40 0   |
| 1000 Morarji      | 707 8  |
| 250 Model         | 50 0   |
| 50 Mysore         | 100 0  |
| 200 New Great     | 130 10 |
| 100 Oosmanshah    | 43 12  |
| 100 Phoenix       | 300 0  |
| 25 Sassoon Silk   | 37 8   |
| 1000 Sholapur     | 2275 0 |
| 50 Simplex        | 71 4   |
| 100 Swadeshi      | 187 8  |
| 100 Swan          | 82 8   |
| 25 Tata           | 8 0    |
| 50 Vishnu         | 1320 0 |
| 1000 Western      | 280 0  |

## BANKS

|                   |        |
|-------------------|--------|
| 100 Reserve Bank  | 130 0  |
| 50-100 Baroda     | 99 0   |
| 25-50 Central     | 37 4   |
| 500 Imperial      | 1515 0 |
| 125-500 Ind. Con. | 131 0  |
| 50-100 India      | 120 4  |
| 5 Union           | 5 7    |

## CEMENTS

|               |        |
|---------------|--------|
| 10 Bundi      | 36 10  |
| 10 Gwalior    | 126 14 |
| 160 Indian    | 480 10 |
| 40 Katni Def. | 2050 0 |
| 40 Katni Ord. | 411 4  |
| 75 Okha       | 272 8  |
| 10 Punjab     | 25 12  |
| 100 Shahabad  | 483 12 |
| 70 United     | 124 8  |

## INSURANCE

|                 |        |
|-----------------|--------|
| 15-100 Jupiter  | 12 8   |
| 15-75 New India | 43 8   |
| 200 Oriental    | 4400 0 |
| 10-100 Vulcan   | 7 13   |

## ELECTRIC

|                     |        |
|---------------------|--------|
| 100 Ahmedabad Old   | 187 8  |
| 1000 Andhra Valley  | 1771 4 |
| 10 Almer            | 10 6   |
| 50 Bombay Tram      | 148 12 |
| 100 Bombay Suburban | 177 8  |
| 10 Broach           | 11 12  |
| 100 Karachi         | 229 0  |
| 100 Poona           | 218 12 |
| 100 Surat           | 105 0  |
| 100 Tata Hydro      | 180 10 |
| 1000 Tata Power     | 1626 4 |

## RAILWAYS

|                    |       |
|--------------------|-------|
| 500 Ahm. Pranti    | 880 0 |
| 100 Amr. Patti     | 122 0 |
| 100 C Province     | 58 8  |
| 100 Dhond Baramati | 97 8  |
| 100 Gujarat        | 73 8  |
| 100 Madras Bhon    | 92 0  |
| 100 Pachora Janner | 92 0  |
| 100 Sara Sirajgunj | 92 0  |
| 500 Tapt Valley    | 787 8 |

## MININGS

|                    |        |
|--------------------|--------|
| 10 Shivrajpur      | 28 0   |
| 30 Tata Steel Def. | 603 12 |
| 75 Tata Steel Ord. | 142 8  |

## MISCELLANEOUS

|                         |        |
|-------------------------|--------|
| 100 Olcock              | 154 6  |
| 50 Belapur Sugar        | 345 0  |
| 250 Bombay Steam        | 306 4  |
| 125 Bombay Burma        | 326 4  |
| 50 Bombay Burma Conty.  | 104 6  |
| 85h. Br. B. Petrol      | 3-0-6  |
| 50 Bombay Telephone     | 109 4  |
| 100 Indian Bleaching    | 115 10 |
| 100 Ind. Radio Defd.    | 515 0  |
| 100 Ind. Radio Ord.     | 488 12 |
| 1000 Port Canning       | 607 8  |
| 15 Sclandia             | 12 8   |
| 30 Premdar Construction | 83 8   |
| 25 Tata Oil             | 18 0   |

## PREFERENCE

|                           |        |
|---------------------------|--------|
| 7 p.c. Andhra Valley      | 1390 0 |
| 6 p.c. Bombay Steam       | 296 4  |
| 7 p.c. Bombay Trams       | 82 12  |
| 5 p.c. Central India      | 512 8  |
| 7 p.c. Katni 1st          | 133 12 |
| 7 p.c. Katni 2nd          | 143 2  |
| 7 1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement  | 14 4   |
| 7 p.c. Tata Hydro         | 140 0  |
| 7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power     | 1421 4 |
| 6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st     | 176 14 |
| 7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd | 150 0  |
| 6 1/2 p.c. Tata Mill      | 13-0   |
| 7 p.c. Vishnu             | 847 8  |

## ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

| Bombay, Aug. 12.             |                         |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Century 233 235              | 237 230 231 4           |
| Bom. Dyeing 768 763          | 765 738 767 8           |
| Kohinoor 191 193             | 192 195 198             |
| Central India 278 275        | 276 277 8               |
| New Great 132 130            | 130 130                 |
| Simplex 71                   |                         |
| Swadeshi 158 157             |                         |
| Bundi 37 1/4                 | 36 1/4 37 3/8 36 1/10   |
| I. Cement 487 490            | 478 482 481 680         |
| Punjab 36 1/2                | 36 1/2                  |
| Shahabad 457                 | 462 483 1/2             |
| Andhra 1770 1768             | 1765 1763 1770 1771     |
| Tata Hydro 180 180           | 180                     |
| Tam. Ord. 149 1/1            | 148 1/2 148 1/2 148 1/2 |
| T. Steel Dfd. 607 611        | 595 600 596 602         |
| T. Steel Ord. 142 1/4        | 143 142 141 141 1/2     |
| 142 1/8                      |                         |
| Tata Steel 2nd Pref. 150 150 | 150 150                 |
| Belapur 347 348              | 345                     |
| B. Stearn 398 396            | 394                     |
| B. Burma 325 323             | 326                     |

## GOLD &amp; SILVER

The local silver market was quiet but steady with a small business. The general feeling is bearish and holders are getting tired. But steady buying by American Government in London is encouraging short sales. The market looks like grinding with a sagging tendency. The gold market was quiet but steady and in the absence of any important business prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

## MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

| Montreal, Aug. 10. |          |
|--------------------|----------|
| August             | 68.00+10 |
| September          | 67.80+04 |
| December           | 68.70+15 |

## SCARCITY OF CONTRACTS

## Italian Purchases In Cotton

## Immediate trade covering of their requirements and scarcity of contracts following some Italian purchases resulted in an advance.

## High temperatures in the Western Belt caused anxiety.

## A meeting in Paris on about the 16th inst. on Abyssinian situation is expected to yield no satisfactory result and the political opinion anticipates an inevitable conflict, state M. &amp; A. Stern.

## It is difficult to say anything about the projected loan on new crop, except that Secretary Wallace has repeatedly assured adequate financial aid to farmers.

## In the meanwhile, the trade has begun to realise that with about 3 3/4 million stocks of outside growths, a reduction of about 40 per cent. as compared with two seasons ago, coupled with the orderly hedging in America, any decline in the price will most likely be gradual.

## SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

## Bombay, August 12

## Castor seeds September delivery: Opening Rs. 36 1/4; Highest Rs. 36 1/4; Lowest Rs. 35 1/4; Closing Rs. 36 1/4 1/2

## Groundnut seeds August delivery: Opening Rs. 41 3/4; Highest Rs. 41 3/4; Lowest Rs. 40 1/8; Closing Rs. 40 1/8

## Groundnut seeds February delivery: Opening Rs. 6 1/2 1/2; Lowest Rs. 6 1/2 1/2; Closing Rs. 6 1/2 1/2 1/2

## Cotton seeds September delivery: Opening Rs. 24 1/8; Lowest Rs. 24 1/4; Closing Rs. 24 1/8

## Cotton seeds January delivery: Opening Rs. 21 1/8; Highest Rs. 21 1/8 1/2; Closing Rs. 21 1/8

## NEW YORK COTTON

Bombay, Aug. 12.

On Saturday the New York cotton futures market was dull and featureless, traders adopted awaiting attitude. Prices improved on favourable Liverpool advices and trade buying. Italy was in the market but purchases hitherto were small owing to the unfavourable attitude of leaks towards the extension of credit to Italy. Hedging was light but some increase is expected if there is no loan.

The market opened at a rise of 7 points and registered a further improvement of one point with October 11.26. At the level there was some selling and prices declined. The market closed at a rise of one to seven points. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 11.60c.

## NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 4 to 2 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 5 points at 11.60c.

## PROTECTIVE REBATE CLAUSE ON PROCESSING TAX

## NEW YORK, Aug. 10.

Prices drifted down nervously pending the crop report, with wide differences in private estimates increasing the uncertainty. The market broke sharply on the Bearish Bureau report coupled with the uncertainty as regards the loan prospects following Mr. Wallace's statement the market then steadied.

Weather was generally favourable, although there were reports that rain was needed in some localities.

Mr. Oscar Johnson is quoted as saying that the producers' pool holdings of about 950,000 bales futures are about equally distributed over the active months from October to May. If the market works materially lower the pool will take deliveries of actual cotton, but if the price holds around 12 cents or better he will exercise his discretion whether he will require delivery or transfer of futures to later months.

The goods market was somewhat more active following the adoption of the protective clause with regard to rebates on the processing tax.—Reuter.

## PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October Highest 11.26+08

N. Y. October Lowest 11.21+08

(11-04 a.m.) 11.21+08

Liverpool October Highest 6.04+06

Liverpool October Lowest 6.01+03

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Consider Wallace's statement indicates Government desire to avoid new loan if possible. Doubt ability of market to absorb new crop at present level provided weather continues normal. Advise sales October and January Liverpool against purchases May and July.

New York.—Opinion is mixed. Speculators awaiting developments. Government's loan policy is not yet decided. Rains would be beneficial in the Western Belt.

Messrs. Langley and Co. have received the following cable from Liverpool:—Bearish sentiment but counteracted by shortage of contracts.

## COTTON STRADDLES

## APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool—October 11.26

December 11.26 January 11.26 March 11.26

May 10.8 at Cross Rate 4.96 7/8

Bombay—Liverpool—May 10.99 A/M

1836 207 1/8—Liverpool May 10.99 5.83 Rs.

46 at Exchange 1/8.

Bombay—New York—Broach A/M

1836 207 1/8—New York May 10.99 Rs.

38 at Cross Rate 4.96 7/8

## ARGENTINE CROPS

Buenos Aires, Aug. 10.

Weather is fine over. Wheat and Linseed area.

## AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales 1935-36 1934-35

Receipts to date 76000 81000

10-8-35 76000 81000

Exports to date 8000 7000

10-8-35 8000 7000

Stock at Ports 55000 92000

9-8-35 55000 92000

Stock at Interior 1078000 2391000

9-8-35 1078000 2391000

Stock at Liverpool 1111000 1117000

9-8-35 1111000 1117000

Visible Supply 582000 998000

9-8-35 582000 998000

Quantity in sight 191000 118000

9-8-35 191000 118000

Quantity out of sight 9-8-35 196000 226000

## AMERICAN SECURITIES.

Bombay, Aug. 12.

Shares.—

Chrysler Corp. 82

Elec. Auto Life Co. 27

Int'l Tel. and Tel. 13

Studebaker Corp. 3 7/8

United Corp. 5

Bonds.—

Argentine 6 per cent of 1960 96 3/4

Brazil 7 per cent of 1933 19

Chile 6 per cent of 1930 13 1/4

Denmark 4 1/2 per cent of 1935 30 1/2

Finland 6 per cent of 1935 104 1/2

Italy 7 per cent of 1935 77

Japan 5 1/2 per cent of 1935 81 1/4

U.S. 4 1/2 per cent of 1935 104 1/2

U.S. 4 1/2 per cent of 1935 104 1/2

U.S. 4 1/2 per cent of 1935 104 1/2

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U.S. 4 1/2 per cent of 1935 104 1/2

## LIVERPOOL COTTON

Bombay, Aug. 12.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 4 points with October 6.02. There was scattered buying due to very high temperatures in the cotton Belt. Coverings were light and the advance attracted scattered hedge selling. The market closed at a rise of 5 to 4 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 10 points at 6.58d.

## INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 4 points. At the close October was quoted 5.52 January 5.22 and March 5.15.

## EGYPTIAN COTTON

The Egyptian cotton futures market was fairly steady. Sakels futures closed 3 points up and Uppers futures advanced 4 points.

## HIGH &amp; LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Aug. 10.

Broach J/A. Op. 281; Highest 232; Lowest 281; Closing 281.

Broach A/L. Op. 298 1/4; Highest 297 1/2; Lowest 298 1/4; Closing 297 1/2.

Omra D/J. Op. 183 1/2; Highest 183 3/4; Lowest 183 1/2; Closing 183 1/2.

Bengal D/J. Op. 134 3/4; Highest 135 1/2; Lowest 134 3/4; Closing 135 1/4.

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-8-35) Rs. 4 1/2.

## COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 9th August 3,249

Receipts into Bombay to date 2,467,821

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 2,438,212

Increase 29,609

## COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, August 12

Today's Total 2100 6900

Broach J/A 2100 6900

## WEATHER OVER COTTON BELT

Memphis.—Excessive heat light to moderate rainfall along Carolina coast.

New Orleans district south Texas the daily official U. S. Government forecast says entire belt partly cloudy.

## TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, Aug. 12.

Cotton Broach A/M 24 0 a.p.

Cotton monthly 4 0 a.p.

Silver Bhadarva 0 0 a.p.

Silver Bhadarva 0 0 a.p.

Gold Bhadarva 0 0 a.p.

Lined September 0 0 a.p.

Lined May 0 0 a.p.

Wheat Sept. 0 0 a.p.

Wheat May 0 0 a.p.

## NO LOANS ON COTTON

Bombay, Aug. 12.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern have received the following cable from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Consider Wallace's statement indicates Government desire to avoid new loan if possible. Doubt ability of market to absorb new crop at present level provided weather continues normal. Advise sales October and January Liverpool against purchases May and July.

New York.—Opinion is mixed. Speculators awaiting developments. Government's loan policy is not yet decided. Rains would be beneficial in the Western Belt.

Mess

**JUPITER  
AND  
INSURANCE**  
go hand in hand.  
J1

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1935

**JUPITER  
GENERAL**  
is doing all classes of  
INSURANCE Business.  
J2

## "Belated And Inadequate"

### RELIEF TO 'QUAKE VICTIMS IN SIND FROM VICEROY'S FUND

#### Sind P. C. C. President's Criticism

The relief that is being administered from the Viceroy's Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund to the Quetta refugees by the Committee appointed by the Commissioner-in-Sind in Karachi is so meagre and inadequate, that far from meeting the needs of the situation, it is causing considerable discontent among the Quetta sufferers and also much hardship.

Over 32 lacs of rupees have been collected in the Viceroy's Fund and it is almost unbelievable, nevertheless true, that out of that amount the Government have allotted only Rs. 32,600- (thirty-two thousand and six hundred) for distribution, as announced by the local authorities among the Quetta sufferers and refugees living at present in Sind.

It must be understood that a large number of refugees originally belonging to Baluchistan and some other parts of India, were brought to Karachi and the amount of relief allotted to Sind covers the amount to be given to them also. The striking contrast between the petty sum allotted for relief and the huge total of thirty-two lacs of the Viceroy's Fund needs no comment to prove the utter inadequacy of relief. The figures speak for themselves. Thus observes Mr. Choithram P. Gidwani, President of the Sind, P.C.C. in a statement to the press.

#### Inadequate Allotments.

The whole amount of Rs. 32,600 allotted to Sind is to be distributed among the various districts of Sind, as follows:—

|                              |            |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Karachi                      | Rs. 25,000 |
| Sukkur (including Shikarpur) | 5,000      |
| Upper Sind Frontier          | 2,000      |
| Larkana                      | 300        |
| Dadu                         | 300        |

It is a well known fact that in Sind, next to Shikarpur, it is the Nawabshah District which has suffered the most. And yet not a single pie has been allotted to it in way of relief.

It may be further pointed out that the amounts of relief proposed to be distributed among the other districts are also inadequate. Take the case of Sukkur district including Shikarpur. Shikarpur alone, every one knows, has lost the heaviest, both in property and life, of all the other towns of Sind and Punjab. It contains thousands of sufferers and yet only a pittance of Rs. 5,000 has been allotted for the sufferers of the whole district. It is difficult to understand why the Government should be so niggardly in giving relief.

#### Belated Start.

Apart from the inadequacy of the relief allotted, it is a regrettable fact that although the earthquake occurred on the 31st of May, yet the relief work was started only towards the middle of July and that also only in Karachi. In some centres relief work has only just been started while in some places the authorities are still in the stage of collecting figures regarding the relief to be given.

Let me now turn to the actual figures of the relief being given by the Viceroy's Committee at Karachi to the Quetta sufferers. They are giving three months subsistence allowance to every one, irrespective of their position and mode of living or property lost. This allowance is reckoned at Rs. 12/ for adult and Rs. 5 to 3 for minors according to their number, the maximum amount given to a single family not amounting to more than Rs. 40/ in utter disregard of the actual number of the members of the family requiring support.

Towards the purchase of other necessities, e.g. household goods, coats, utensils, clothes, etc. they have given to each family half of their monthly subsistence allowance.

#### Ridiculous Rent Grants.

At first no rent was being given to them, but later on under the pressure of public opinion and of the discontent of the refugees themselves, they started giving that at the rate of Rs. 2-8 per adult per month, the maximum amount of rent being Rs. 10, the ridiculousness of which will be apparent to every town dweller. The rent also is to be given for

three months only. As regards those who have decided to leave Karachi, they are being given a third class free pass to their place of destination together with Rs. 10 per person. That and nothing more. The complete insufficiency of the amount reveals a lamentable lack of sympathy with the sufferings of the people and a hopeless failure to grasp the needs of the situation on the part of the Committee. No wonder then that some of the sufferers, feeling the relief almost an outrage upon their dignity, have indignantly refused to accept it.

Many of the sufferers who have settled in Karachi belong to decent and well-to-do families. A few of them owned property worth lacs. Before their property is salvaged, they will require a fairly good amount for their mere maintenance. It is inconceivable how the Committee expect these people to defray all their expenses and meet all their other necessary requirements from a mere pittance that is advanced to them.

Tools But No Subsistence. It is true that some artisans have been given tools and others have been given sewing machines. But the wonder is that such people have not been granted any subsistence allowance. One does not see how they are going to maintain themselves before they are able to make a living for themselves.

There is the problem of widows to be tackled. Most of them cannot easily make a living for themselves. But the Committee have done nothing for them, except to give them the subsistence allowance like others. How they fend for themselves after the amount is exhausted, the Committee have not stopped to think.

Non-Official Relief. It will be interesting to see what relief, in comparison, is being given by the non-official agencies. The Mayor's Committee and the Calcutta Memon Relief Committee have done yeoman's service by spending between themselves merely after temporary relief a lac of rupees in Karachi alone. The activities of these two organisations were chiefly confined to Karachi while the Quetta Relief Committee appointed by the President of the Indian National Congress, Babu Rajendra Prasad, has shouldered the burden of giving relief in the whole of the province of Sind.

In the first place let it be noted that immediately after the earthquake when the special trains from Quetta were pouring refugees, wounded and otherwise, in the different towns of Sind, all the expenses incurred in providing food, medical aid, etc. to the refugees were being given by the

(Continued on Page 9.)



A meeting of the Cricket Control Board was held in the "Princess Room" Taj Mahal Hotel on Sunday. Seated on the extreme right is Mr. A.S. De Mello, Hon. Secretary and to his left is Sir S. Hayat Khan, the President.

### INTEREST OF GAME

#### De Mello Favours Acceptance Of Patiala's Australian Team

Interviewed by a "Chronicle" representative regarding the opposition to the Australian Tour, Mr. A. S. de Mello the Honorary Secretary of the Board of Control for Cricket in India said, "It is Cricket to accept the offer of Patiala's Australian XI in the interests of Indian cricket especially on the eve of the Indian Team's visit to England in 1936. I am not influenced by any other consideration except the interests of Indian Cricket in welcoming the Australian Team."

"Considering India's recent experience in Test Cricket in England it is better to prepare from now on and nothing is going to aid the advancement of an Indian XI as experience against a recognised outside Team."

Questioned about the superiority of the now settled Australian Team he said that it is as good a team if not better as the team selected for South Africa, especially as there are about six experienced and recognised players in it—Byder, Macartney, Hendry, Oxenham, Alexander, Ironmonger and Love."

"The Board is at present in a sound financial position having a balance of Rs. 25,000 and the Indian Team's future is assured," he was glad to say.

### TARRANT DELIGHTED

(Special Cable.)

MELBOURNE August 12.

Mr. Frank Tarrant is delighted at the Indian Board's approval of the tour. Certain of the Australians chosen should perform creditably, and most valuable help will be given towards the selection of the Indian team to tour England in 1936. The Australian team is leaving by the "Mongolia" on October 8.

### WENSLEY TO COACH NAWANAGAR TEAM

A. F. Wensley, the Sussex all-rounder, who has played rather ineffectively owing to indifferent health during the last two seasons, has accepted an engagement to act as coach to the Jam Sahib of Nawanagar's team during the coming winter. Like many other Sussex professionals such as George Cox, Albert Reif, Maurice Tate and Bowley, Wensley has already had considerable experience of coaching overseas. It was pleasing to see him getting runs against Worcestershire, his 76 not out being his best score of this summer.

### SIX STRUCK BY LIGHTNING

MUZAFFARPUR, Aug. 8.

On August 4 at about 3 p.m. six persons were struck by lightning in the village of Piprahra, two miles west of Sitamarhi, in the district of Muzaffarpur, causing the death of one and severe shocks to the others whose condition is reported to be critical.—A. P.

### PROFESSORS IN WITNESS BOX

#### Hindu University Defalcation Case Starts At Benares

BENARES, August 11. The proceedings of the Benares Hindu University Engineering College defalcation case commenced at about 11 a.m. yesterday.

The accused was not present owing to illness, but he informed the court in writing that in his absence his Mukhtear Vishwanath Banerjee might go on with the case.

Prof. Bhim Chandra Chatterjee in his evidence said, "I am a Professor in the Benares Hindu University Engineering College and I am drawing Rs. 750 per month. I have written a book entitled 'Hydroelectric Practice in India.' I have disposed of the copies of the said book to the students of the Engineering College. Caution Fund money forms bear my signature. I have received the money mentioned therein in the column 'to be remitted'."

"This sum is the cost of the book. This amount was paid by Jitendra Babu from the Caution Fund money amount of the students. Caution money is refunded to the students on their leaving the college. Students have entitled me to realise the cost of the book supplied to them from the Caution money. These 65 forms bear my signature and I have received the full amount."

#### Hostel Warden's Statement.

Prof. Gopal Chandra Mukherjee was the next witness and he said, "I am the Chief Warden of the Hostel. I used to take money from Jitendra Babu to meet the expenses of the hostel. I used to send the account of the money I used to spend with vouchers duly signed by me to the office. I used to spend money for the Laboratory and I used to get the amount from Jitendra Babu, Cashier and used to submit the account of the expenses to Jitendra Babu with the vouchers. The vouchers and bills all bear my signature."—United Press.

### ENTIRELY WITHOUT FOUNDATION

The statement which has appeared in a vernacular weekly paper that negotiations have been completed for the sale of "The Bombay Chronicle," "The Bombay Sentinel" and "The Bombay Samachar" by their present proprietors is entirely without foundation.

### DIWAKER'S TRUST

#### Takes Charge Of Karnataka Samyukt

(From Our Correspondent.)

HUBLI, Aug. 12. The National Literature Publication Trust, created by Mr. Diwakar took charge of the "Samyukt Karnataka," a leading Kannada daily and weekly of Belgaum. The Dharwar branch office was opened on Saturday.

Mr. N. S. Hardikar presiding. Mr. Hosmani, M. L. A. will open the Hubli office on 14th instant.

### ILL-TREATMENT IN COCHIN JAILS

#### Council Carries Out-Motion During Budget Discussion

COCHIN, Aug. 11.

Yesterday was the last day for the discussion of the budget demands in the Cochin Council. Sir K. Shanmugham Chettai, the Dewan presided when the Council re-assembled this morning.

To a question asked by the Mr. Ikkanda Warrior to place on the table the number of coercive steps ordered and executed for the revenue collection during the current year and also the amount realised therein, then Mr. Womathil Atchutha Menon, the Diwan Peshikar replied that 11,172 were ordered, 5,032 executed and an amount of Rs. 70,028-5-9 realised.

To another question asked by Mr. Puthazh Raman Menon to state the amount of donation given to the Benares Hindu University and the condition, Mr. I. Instruction said that it was Rs. 1,00,000 and no condition was imposed.

#### Jail Treatment.

Then Mr. Ikkanda Warrior moved to reduce the demand under jails by one rupee to urge the Government the necessity of giving a more human treatment to the political prisoners in Cochin. He pointed out that the Cochin Government had made no distinction between a political prisoner and an ordinary criminal. He then pleaded for a more human treatment like the one given by civilised Government elsewhere.

Mr. T. K. Nair supporting said that the Jail Administration was unsatisfactory and pointed out that a course in jail elsewhere improved the mentality of the criminal. In Cochin it made worse and pleaded for better treatment. Many others spoke in support of the motion. When it was pressed, it was carried by a thumping majority.—United Press.

### Our South African Letter

## Legalised Segregation Of Indian

### Feetham Commission's Report On Asiatic Land Tenure

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

JOHANNESBURG, July 22. A careful perusal of the Asiatic Land Tenure Commission Report, parts I and II of which have been published, confirms the popular opinion that Indians in Johannesburg will hardly gain substantially after the publication of the Feetham Commission's recommendations. A mountain in labour, it has resulted in ignoring the just claims of the Indian community and the constitutional slavery of the Commission has run amok in dealing with evidence placed before it. Mr. Justice Richard Feetham at the very outset bolted the door against the demands going beyond the accepted principle of the anti-Asiatic laws, i.e., Gold Law of 1908, Act 37 of 1919 and the Asiatic Land Tenure Act of 1932.

#### BOYCOTTED BY INDIANS

This Commission was boycotted by the South African Indian Congress and its affiliated Transvaal branch—the Transvaal Indian Congress—as the terms of reference of the Commission were too narrow to override the principle of segregation inserted in the Asiatic Land Tenure Act (1932). But the sad fact of the South African Indian situation was that the Indians of Johannesburg were misled into co-operation with the Commission. Had they not grown panicky and stood as one solid block against the Commission's overtures, the recommendations would, probably, have been far different than what they are to-day as was the case during Mahatma Gandhi's non-co-operation against the Solomon Commission in 1914.

#### A BETRAYAL.

The Transvaal Commercial Association formed by the merchant section of the Indian community for the special purpose of packing evidence before the Commission at the desire of the ex-Agent Kunwar Sir Maharaj Singh—who is, however, not here to shoulder any responsibility for the recommendations of the Commission to which he clung like a sailor's knot, co-operated wholeheartedly with the Commission and in an elaborate statement suggested areas for exemption and thereby accepting the principle of segregation fought tooth and nail by the Indian community fully supported by the people of India.

Even the areas exempted from the restrictions of the Gold Law and its descendants are practically inadequate and leave entire, no scope for future expansion in spite of the Commission's claim to that effect. The future is safely barred, locked and bolted for Indians and a thorough victory has been secured by the segregationists of South Africa who were clamouring for its legalised enforcement since 1922.

Main thoroughfares leading to the central part of Johannesburg have been kept free from the Indian "pollution" under the veil of giving a good appearance to the city. Most of the areas asked for exemption by the Indian Commercial Association are cut into halves and thirds and in some townships not a stand has been this in nutshell the outcome of exempted by the Commission. The Report which deals with the

general problem of the Indians on the proclaimed land in Johannesburg, the individual cases being dealt with in the second volume of the Report to be published at a later date.

#### MIXED RECEPTION.

The Commission's report has received a favourable comment in the local European press, "The Star" maintaining that the object of fairplay of the Commission has been achieved and "The Rand Daily Mail" welcoming it as a wise compromise. But the Indians are not enthusiastic over the Report. There is grumbling over the inadequacy of the exempted areas and the dark prospects of the future. The Chinese community asked for the entire exemption from the restrictions of the anti-Asiatic Acts, and as their suggestion was thrown into the waste paper basket, they naturally feel disheartened. The same fate met the statement of the South African Indian Federation which asked for the repeal of Sections 130 and 131 of the Gold Law.

There has already started a controversy in the local press over the recommendations of the Commission. The sole objection comes from the Europeans of the Ophirton area who are holding a meeting of protest to-night.

#### NOTES IN BRIEF.

Mr. P. S. Joshi delivered an interesting lecture before the Local International Workers Club on "India—A World Problem." As the lecturer dealt with the question from the nationalist point of view before a communist gathering, there was a heated discussion after the lecture. The lecturer maintained that communism was no remedy for the elimination of political ills under the present social and religious environment of India.

#### "HUNGER MARCH"

There was a spectacular "Hunger March" of 300 unemployed from Johannesburg to Pretoria during the mail week. The party was led by a local M.P. to see the Minister of Labour and protest against the daily wage of five shillings and six pence a day offered by the Government and demand the wage of 10/- a day. This march on foot by the Europeans is unique in the history of the Union. It is difficult to prophesy whether they will succeed in achieving their object, as the Government is adamant on the wage rate.

The Indian dissensions are going on merrily in Natal and even the flood-havoc at Clairwood has not damped their ardour of personal quarrelling. It is now time that the South African Indian Congress and Colonial Born and Settlers Association leaders patched up their differences and saved the community.

#### HANDS OFF ABYSSINIA

A number of Europeans have come forward to assist the Abyssinians against the Italians, but they find it very difficult to get into touch with Abyssinian authorities, there being no representative in the Union. "The Sunday Express" urges the Union Government to notify the Italian Government to keep her hands off Abyssinia.

### VILLAGERS CAPTURE DACOIT

#### Sentenced With Two Others To Seven Years' R. I.

MIDNAPORE, Aug. 8.

Umesh Khalari and two others of Jhargram have been sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment by the Sessions Judge on a charge of committing a dacoity in the house of Srikantha Pada Kundu after assaulting the

patrol constable with a lathi and striking him with a spear. About 30 men raided the house.

The inmates ran away through fear, but the constable struggled with them and was injured. The neighbours came up and one of them fired a gun.

The dacoits escaped with a booty worth about Rs. 2,000, but the villagers captured one of them named Umesh, who made a confession before a magistrate.

Two other dacoits were recognised by the neighbours.—A. P.